Stock :6792



Unictron Technologies Corporation

Meeting Agenda

(Translation)

2023 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting

Meeting Time: June 15, 2023

Place: 2F, No. 428, Kewang Road, Longtan District, Taoyuan City,

Taiwan (208 Conference Room in Aspire Resort)

If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese language version shall prevail.

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One. Meeting Procedure

Unictron Technologies Corporation

Procedure for the 2023 Annual Meeting of Shareholders

- I. Call the Meeting to Order
- II. Chairperson Remarks
- III. Management Presentation
- IV. Proposals
- V. Discussion
- VI. Elections
- VII. Other Matters
- VIII. Questions and Motions
- IX. Adjournment

Two. Meeting Agenda

Unictron Technologies Corporation Year 2023 Agenda of Annual Meeting of Shareholders

Time: 9:00 a.m. on Thursday, June 15, 2023

Place: 2F, No. 428, Kewang Road, Longtan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (208

Conference Room in Aspire Resort)

The method for convening: physical shareholders' meeting

I. Call the Meeting to Order (reporting present shares)

II. Chairperson Remarks

III. Management Presentation

- (I) 2022 Business Report
- (II) Audit Committee's Review Report on the 2022 Financial Statements
- (III) 2022 remunerations distribution to employees and director
- (IV) 2022 profits distribution and cash dividends
- (V) The status of treasury stocks buyback

IV. Proposals

- (I) 2022 Business Report and Financial Statements
- (II) Distribution of 2022 Profits

V. Discussion

Amendment to the Rules of Procedure for Shareholder Meetings

VI. Elections

RE-election of directors

VII Other Matters

Proposal of release the prohibition on new directors and their representatives from participation in competitive business.

VIII. Questions and Motions

IX. Adjournment

Three. Management Presentations

(I) 2022 Business Report

2022 Business Report

2022 business report and 2023 business plans:

- I. 2022 business results
 - (I) Results of implemented business plan

The Company's consolidated operating revenue in 2022 was NT\$1,498,552 thousand, reducing by approximately 12% from 2021. After settlement, the after-tax net profit attributable to the owners of the parent company of the full year was NT\$269,773 thousand, reducing by approximately 7% from 2021.

Summary	2022	2021	Rate of increase/decrease
Operating revenue	1,498,552	1,705,810	-12%
Gross operating profit	591,388	723,380	-18%
Net operating profit	255,703	347,687	-26%
Net profit before tax	312,356	350,859	-11%
Net income attributable to parent	269,773	291,024	-7%

- (II) Implementation of budget: the Company has not prepared financial projections for Year 2022 and therefore not applicable.
- (III) Financial incomes, expenditures, and profits

	Analysis item	Year 2022
	Debt to assets ratio	25%
Financial structure	Financial liability ratio	4%
	Ratio of long-term capital to fixed assets	292%
	Current ratio	296%
Solvency	Quick ratio	224%
	Times interest earned (pre-tax) (times)	347
	Return on total assets	12%
Profitability	Return on shareholders' equity	16%
Fromaointy	Net profit margin	18%
	Earnings per share (EPS)	5.68

(IV) R&D status

The R&D expenses invested this year amounted to NT\$146,930 thousand, an increase of 6.28% from NT\$138,252 thousand in the previous year. As the Company's core competitiveness is the material formula and process technology as well as technology of radio frequency circuit design, the Company, based on customers' needs and the future development direction of the electronics industry, is committed to researching and manufacturing key electronic components, and continues to develop new niche products.

II. 2023 business plan and outlook

(I) Operation direction:

Innovative and customized product design, and manufacturing capabilities are the Company's core competitiveness. Continuous R&D of new products is the consistent business philosophy of Unictron Technologies. With the efforts of the R&D team, new products are launched every year. Over the years, the Company has obtained or applied for more than 90 patents in various countries, effectively integrating all sections from innovative design, R&D, patent protection to production, and reduced costs through equipment automation, to fight the threat of competitors and consolidate the existing competitive advantages.

- (II) Expected production, sales and R&D status:
 - 1. Electronic ceramic components: The Company will continue to develop a full range of antenna design and services, including the development of high precision positioning antennas, array antennas and antenna modules for low-orbit satellite ground receiving stations and 5G millimeter wave communications. In terms of piezoelectric material technology development, we are committed to the development of lead-free piezoelectric materials and piezoelectric composite materials. As for product development, we focus on the development and application of new products such as intelligent water buoys, liquid level sensors and flow meters.
 - 2. Modules and system products: Apart from being convenient for customers to use or install, modules and system products can support systematic design based on components technology process, whose added value is higher than that of components. Therefore, the Company will continue to expand the market share of such products in the future.
 - 3. Other electronic components: The Company is a supplier of circuit protection component solutions, providing its customers with a various circuit protection components. Currently, the payback for Company's efforts has been demonstrated in its renowned customers in the Netcom industry. Also, with a number of development plans under verification, a promising future for the development is expected.
- (III) Future company development strategies, and effects from external competition environment, legal environment, and macro operating environment:

Although the global COVID-19 pandemic and shortages of IC and key components have gradually subsided, global spending power remains low. The industry is still facing the problem of high inventory and clients are still focusing on digesting their internal inventories, which has slowed down the rebound in the industry. Nevertheless, the company will still keep track of customer conditions and adjust production capacity to the best possible state.

The capacity expansion and future development plans will continue to be implemented gradually as originally planned. In the long run, the Company's core competitiveness and continuous growth in revenue will remain unchanged.

In addition to continuous R&D, design and launch of new products, the Company is also committed to promoting automation of production line and improving yields, continuously reducing costs and improving product competitiveness. In terms of production of the R&D results, the Company also continuously applies for patents in various countries to protect the intellectual property rights.

For sustainable management and environmental protection, the Company has formulated a strategy of sustainable development based on the principles of environmental protection, social responsibility, and corporate governance.

We aim to balance the interests of our stakeholders through sound and sustainable corporate governance, protect the global environment, and fulfill our corporate social responsibility through social participation.

Chairperson:



President:



Accounting Manager:



Supervisor's Review Report on the 2022 Financial Statements

Audit Committee's Review Report

The board of directors has prepared the 2022 business report, consolidated financial statements, and the profit distribution proposal. The financial statements have been audited by Tang. Tzu-Jie, CPA, and Chang, Huei-Jen, CPA from KPMG Taiwan, with the audit report presented. We have reviewed the above business report, financial statements, and the profit distribution proposal, to which we have found no misstatement, and we hereby issue a review report as presented above in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act. Please proceed to review it.

To

Unictron Technologies Corporation Year 2023 Agenda of Annual Meeting of Shareholders

Convener of the Audit Committee: Cheng, Wei-Shun

(II) 2022 remunerations distribution to employees and director

In accordance with the Company charter, the remuneration of directors for the year 2022 was NT\$2,780,612 and the remuneration of employees was NT\$55,612,247,all of which were paid in cash.

(III) 2022 earnings distribution and cash dividends

- According to the Articles of Incorporation, if the Company is to distribute all or part of the dividends and bonuses, it should be distributed in cash. The resolution shall be adopted in a board meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the directors with the majority of the attending directors in favor, then reported to the shareholders' meeting.
- 2. The distributed earnings of the Company are the retained earnings of 2022. With cash dividends for each ordinary share being NT\$5, the total amount of cash dividends is NT\$ 234,376,625.
- 3. The percentage of cash dividends is calculated up to the unit of NT\$ and rounded off to the nearest NT\$, and the total amount of deficiencies less than NT\$ 1 is adjusted by decimal places from largest to smallest and account numbers from front to back in order to meet the total amount of cash dividends distributed.
- 4. In the event that the payout ratio of shareholders is affected by changes in the Company's share capital and the number of outstanding shares and requires adjustment, the Chairperson shall be authorized to deal with it and revise the distribution record date.

(IV) The status of treasury stocks buyback

Date of board resolution	June 21, 2022
Buyback issuance	1
Purpose of buyback	Transferring shares to employees
Buyback period	July 8, 2022 - August 19, 2022
The actual buyback range price (NT\$)	79.00~92.00
Number of shares to buy back (shares)	1,000,000
Number of shares bought back (shares)	1,000,000
Total value of shares bought back (NT\$)	85,925,409
The average buyback price per share (NT\$)	85.93
The number of diluted and transferred shares (shares)	0
Number of shares held cumulatively (shares)	1,000,000
Number of shares held cumulatively as a percentage of total outstanding shares:	2.09%
Treasury stock buyback	All the treasury stock have been brought back but not transferred

Four. Proposals

Proposal: [Proposed by the Board]

Proposal: Adoption of the 2022 Business Report and Financial Statements Explanation:

1. Unictron Technologies Corporation's 2022 Financial Statements have been audited by Tzu-Chieh Tang CPA, and Huei-Chen Chang, CPA from KPMG Taiwan, which can properly show the financial status and cash flow of the Company by the end of December 31 of the Year 2022.

2. The 2022 Business Report, independent auditors' report and financial statements please refer to page 4-5 and page 11-28 [Attachment I].

Resolution

Proposal: [Proposed by the Board]

Proposal: Adoption of the Proposal for Distribution of 2022 Earnings

Explanation: Earnings Distribution Table of Year 2022:

Unictron Technologies Corporation
Earnings Distribution Table
Year 2022

Unit: NTD\$

Items	Amount
Unappropriated retained earnings of prior years	226,814,812
Add: Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	1,220,779
Add: net profit after tax in year 2022	269,772,695
Subtotal	497,808,286
Less: 10% legal reserve	-27,099,347
Provision for special reserve	-8,764,693
Distributable profits of the Year	461,944,246
Less: distributable items	
Cash Dividend to shareholders-NT\$5	-234,376,625
Unappropriated retained earnings	227,567,621

Chairperson:



President:



Accounting Manager:



Resolution

Five. Discussion

Proposal: [Proposed by the Board]

Proposal: Amendment to the Rules of Procedure for Shareholder Meetings. Please proceed to discuss.

Explanation: In order to conform to the needs of commercial practice or amendments to related commercial laws, the Company hereby proposes to amend the Rules of Procedure for Shareholder Meetings. Please refer to page 29-34 [Attachment II] for details.

Resolution

Six. Elections

Proposal: [Proposed by the Board]

Proposal: Proposal for reelection of directors

Explanation:

- 1. The term of office of the current Directors expires on October 7, 2023 and it is intended that a general re-election of directors will be held in this shareholder's meeting.
- 2. In accordance with Article 13 of the Articles of Incorporation, the number of Independent Directors shall not be less than three and shall not be less than one-fifth of the number of Directors.
- 3. Eight directors (including four independent directors) were elected for a three-year term from June 15, 2023 to June 14, 2026. The term of office of the current directors will expire upon completion of this shareholder meeting.
- 4. The re-election is in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association and the Rules for Director Election.
- 5. In accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association and Article 192-1 of the Companies Act, the Company adopted nominating to elect directors and the list of candidates is approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on May 2, 2023 and related information are as follows:

Candidate	Name	Gend	Experience	Present position	Shareholding
Director	Legal Representa tive of Darfon Electronics Corp. LEE, RAN- RONG	er Male	Ph.D., Material Science, Case Western Reserve University, EMBA, National Chiao Tung University R&D Manager, CPS Corp. (USA) Director of Ceramic Laboratory, Institute of Materials Research, ITRI, President of MAG. LAYERS Scientific Technologies Co., Ltd, President of Chilisin Electronics Corp., R&D Director of Littelfuse, Special Assistant to Chairman, Ta I Technology Co., Ltd., and President, Integrated Component Business Department, Darfon Electronics Corp.	President, Unictron Technologies Corporation	17,551,081 shares
Director	Legal Representa tive of Darfon Electronics Corp. CHANG, MING- CHU	Male	Ph.D., Material Science, National Tsing Hua University Project Director, Material Laboratories, ITRI	Vice President, Unictron Technologies Corporation	17,551,081 shares
Director	Legal Representa tive of Darfon Electronics Corp. LIN, HSIEN-	Male	Master, Management Science, National Chiao Tung University Manager, Qisda Corporation (previously BenQ Corporation)	Vice President, Finance Division, Darfon Electronics Corp. Supervisor, Darad Innovation Corporation Supervisor, Darfon Materials Corporation Supervisor, Chengli Investment Co., Ltd. Director, Iron Ore Company Limited	17,551,081 shares

Candidate category	Name	Gend er	Experience	Present position	Shareholding
emegery	CHANG	o.		Supervisor, Astro Tech Co., Ltd. Supervisor, Darfon Energy Technology Corp.	
Director	SU, KAI- CHIEN	Male	MBA, National Chengchi University Associate Vice President, Qisda Corporation (previously BenQ Corporation)	CEO, Unictron Technologies Corporation Chairman and CEO, Darfon Electronics Corp. Chairman, Darad Innovation Corporation Chairman, Darfon Materials Corporation Chairman, Chengli Investment Co., Ltd. Director, BenQ Foundation Chairman, Kenstone Metal Co., Ltd. Chairman, Iron Ore Company Limited Chairman, Astro Tech Co., Ltd. Chairman, TD Hitech Energy Inc. Chairman, Darfon Energy Technology Corp.	900,000 shares
Indepen dent director	CHENG, WEI- SHUN	Male	Master, Accounting, North Illinois University Senior Special Assistant, AUO Corporation	Independent director, Daxin Materials Corporation Independent director, Raydium Semiconductor Corporation Independent director, Chenbro Micom Co., Ltd. Director, Shirre Lab Corp.	0
Indepen dent director	WANG, YUNG-HO	Male	Ph.D., Department of Electronic Engineering, National Cheng Kung University Professor of National Cheng Kung University, and President of National Applied Research Laboratories	Professor, National Cheng Kung University Independent director, ChipMos Technologies Inc.	0
Indepen dent director	WANG, CHIEN- MIN	Male	PhD, Materials Science Engineering, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, Master, Metallurgical Materials, National Cheng Kung University Adjunct Professor of National Taipei University of Technology, Adjunct Professor of National Tsing Hua University, Adjunct Professor of National Taiwan University of Science and Technology, Vice-chairman of Core Flex Optical (Suzhou), Vice-chairman and technology manager of Coretronic Corp., President of Young Lighting Technology Inc.	Review Commissioner for Academic/Industrial/Corporate Technology R&D Projects, Department of Industrial Technology, Ministry of Economic Affairs Independent Director, Taimide Technology Inc.	0
Indepen dent director	SHEN, HSI-WEN	Male	MBA, Tulane University, Mechanical Engineering, Chung Yuan Christian University Manager of Motorola Electronics Taiwan, Manufacturing Division Chief of Amkor (Sampo) Semiconductor, Senior Manager of CTS (Chicago Telephone Supply) Taiwan, President of Unictron Technologies Corporation, Senior Vice President of Powertech Technology.	Independent Director of Favite Inc.	0

Voting results

Seven. Other Matters

Proposal: [Proposed by the Board]

Proposal: Proposal to release the prohibition on new directors and their representatives from participation in a competitive business, please proceed to discussion.

Explanation:

- 1. In accordance with Article 209 of the Company Act, "A director shall explain to the shareholders' meeting the material details of his or her acts for himself or herself or for others within the scope of the company's business and obtain his or her approval."
- 2. Considering that the newly elected directors may have invested in or operated other companies with the same or similar business scope and acted as directors, in accordance with Article 209 of the Company Act, it shall be approved by shareholders' meeting to release the prohibition on new directors and their representatives from participation in a competitive business.
- 3. Proposal of release the prohibition on new directors and their representatives from participation in competitive business

	competitive business						
Job title	Name	Positions concurrently held in other companies					
Director	SU, KAI- CHIEN	Chairperson and CEO of Darfon Electronics Corp., Chairperson of Darad Innovation Corp., Chairperson of Darfon Materials Corp., Chairperson of Chengli Investment Corp., Director of BenQ, Director of Darfon Suzhou Precision Industry Co., Ltd, Director of Darfon Huai'an Electronics Co., Ltd, Director of Darfon Chongqin Electronics Co., Ltd, Director of Darfon America Corporation, Director of Darfon Korea Co, Ltd, Chairperson of Darfon Electronics Czech Co., Ltd, Chairperson of Darfon Electronics the Netherlands Co., Ltd, Chairperson of BESV Japan Corp., Director of Kenstone Metal Corp., Chairperson of Iron Ore Co., Ltd, Chairperson of Astro Tech Corp., Chairperson of TD Hitech Energy Corp., Chairperson of Darfon Energy Technology Corp., Chairperson of Kenstone Metal Company Gmbh, Chairperson of KSI Handels Gmbh, Director of Astro Engineering Vietnam Co., Ltd, Director of Darfon Energy Technology Corp.					
Corporate director representative	LIN, HSIEN- CHANG	Supervisor of Darad Innovation Corp., Supervisor of Darfon Materials Corp., Supervisor of Darfon Suzhou Electronics Co., Ltd, Supervisor of Darfon Suzhou Precision Industry Co., Ltd, Supervisor of Darfon Huai'an Electronics Co., Ltd, Supervisor of Darfon Chongqin Electronics Co., Ltd, Supervisor of Darfon Korea Co, Ltd, Supervisor of Darfon Electronics the Netherlands Co., Ltd, Supervisor of Iron Ore Co., Ltd, Supervisor of Astro Tech Corp., Supervisor of Darfon Energy Technology Corp., Supervisor of Darfon Vietnam Co., Ltd, Director of Iron Ore Co., Ltd., Supervisor of Darfon Suzhou Energy Technology Corp.					
Independent director	CHENG, WEI- SHUN	Independent director, Daxin Materials Corp, Independent director, Raydium Semiconductor Corp, Independent director, Chenbro Micom Co., Ltd., Director, Shirre Lab Corp.					
Independent director	WANG, YUNG- HO	Independent director, ChipMOS Technologies Inc.					
Independent director	WANG, CHIEN- MIN	Independent director, Taimide Tech. Inc.					
Independent director	SHEN, HSI-WEN	Independent director, Favite Inc.					

Resolution

Eight. Extraordinary Motions

Nine. Adjournment

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Unictron Technologies Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Unictron Technologies Corporation and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), International Accounting Standards ("IASs"), and interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") or the former Standing Interpretations Committee ("SIC") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significant in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 are stated as follows:

I. Revenue recognition

Please refer to Note 4(15) to the consolidated financial reports for the accounting policies related to revenue and Note 6(20) to the consolidated financial reports for disclosures related to revenue recognition. Description on the Key Audit Matters:

The Unictron Group's sales to customers involve different types of transaction terms. The Unictron Group is required to identify the timing of transfer of control of goods to customers based on the sales terms of individual transactions. Therefore, the revenue recognition testing is one of the important evaluation matters performed in our audit of the Unictron Group's parent-only financial reports. Audit procedures:

Our main audit procedures for the above key audit matters included testing the sales and payment collection operations and the internal control related to its financial reporting, and reviewing the sales contracts or evidence of transactions to assess whether the timing of revenue recognition was based on the terms of the transactions with the customers; testing a sample of sales transactions for the period before and after the end of the year to identify the timing at which the control over the goods was transferred to the customer to satisfy the contractual obligations in order to assess whether the accounting treatment of the timing of revenue recognition was appropriate; reviewing whether significant sales returns and discounts were incurred in the subsequent period to understand and analyze the reasons in order to assess the appropriateness of revenue and related sales returns and discounts in the period in which they are recognized.

II. Inventory valuation

Please refer to Note 4(8) to the consolidated financial reports for the accounting policies related to inventory valuation; Please refer to Note 5 to the consolidated financial reports for the description on accounting estimates and assumption uncertainties related to inventory valuation; Please refer to Note 6(6) to the consolidated financial reports for the provision of inventory falling price loss.

Description on the Key Audit Matters:

Inventories are subsequently measured at the lower of costs or net realizable value. Due to rapid technological advancement, the costs of inventories may exceed their net realizable value due to obsolescence or a decrease in sales price, resulting in inventory falling price loss. The evaluation of net realizable value involves management's subjective judgment. Therefore, inventory valuation is one of the important evaluation matters in our audit of Unictron Technologies Corporation's consolidated financial reports.

Audit procedures:

Our main audit procedures for the above key audit matters included reviewing the inventory aging statements provided by the Unictron Group and analyzing the changes in inventory aging; sampling the accuracy of the inventory aging statements; reviewing the valuation of inventories and confirming that the accounting policies established by the Unictron Group were followed; and evaluating the reasonableness of the allowance for inventory falling price loss and provision policy formulated by the management.

Other Matter

Unictron Technologies Corporation has additionally prepared its parent-company-only financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, on which we have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRSs, IASs, IFRC, and SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error..

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including members of the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- I. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- II. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- III. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates

- and related disclosures made by management.
- IV. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- V. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- VI. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Tzu-Chieh Tang and Huei-Chen Chang.

KPMG Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) March 3, 2023

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

Unictron Technologies Corporation and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Balance Sheets

December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			December 31, 2	2022	December 31, 2	2021
	Assets		Amount	%	Amount	%
	Current assets:					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6(1))	\$	603,230	27	1,121,520	46
1110	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current					
	(Note 6(2))		25	-	565	-
1120	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive					
	income - current (Note 6(3))		80,509	3	-	-
1136	Financial assets measured at amortized cost - current (Notes					
	6(1), (4) and 8)		216,100	10	1,100	-
1170	Notes and accounts receivable, net (Notes 6(5) and (20))		259,099	11	351,272	14
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties, net (Notes 6(5), (20)					
	and 7)		24,266	1	20,320	1
1310	Inventories (Note 6(6))		372,885	17	308,639	13
1410	Prepayments and other current assets		17,079	1	12,162	
	Total current assets	_	1,573,193	70	1,815,578	74
	Non-current assets:					
1600	Property, plant and equipment (Notes 6(7) and 7)		588,144	26	506,228	21
1755	Right-of-use assets (Note 6(8))		43,772	2	36,129	2
1760	Investment property, net (Note 6(9))		-	-	27,506	1
1780	Intangible assets (Note 6(10))		6,012	-	8,061	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets (Note 6(16))		18,680	1	13,054	1
1915	Prepayments for equipment		13,753	1	27,815	1
1920	Refundable deposits		4,766	-	4,177	-
	Total non-current assets		675,127	30	622,970	26
	Total assets	\$	2,248,320	100	2,438,548	100

(Continued)

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

Unictron Technologies Corporation and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Balance Sheets (continued)

December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Liabilities and equity Amount % Amount Current liabilities 2100 Short-term borrowings (Note 6(11)) \$86,720 4 72,881 2120 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current(Note 6(2)) 633 5 23 2170 Notes and accounts payable 115,773 5 188,895 2180 Accounts payables (Note 6(21)) 263,673 12 276,500 2191 Other payables (Note 6(21)) 263,673 12 276,500 2210 Other payables - related parties (Note 7) 3,302 2 202 2220 Other payables - related parties (Note 6(13)) 1,277 1 6,61 2250 Provision for liabilities - current (Note 6(13)) 1,67 1 15,362 2282 Lease liabilities - related parties - current (Notes 6(12) and 7 4,625 - - 2300 Other current liabilities Note 6(20) 5,13 2 19,743 2582 Lease liabilities non-current (Note 6(12)) 5,13 1 -	% 3 - 8 - 11 - 1 - 1 1
Short-term borrowings (Note 6(11)) \$ 86,720 4 72,881	- 8 - 11 - 2 - 1
2120 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current(Note 6(2)) 633 - 23 23 2170 Notes and accounts payable 115,773 5 188,895 2180 Accounts payable - related parties (Note 7) 10 - - 2219 Other payables (Note 6(21)) 263,673 12 276,500 2220 Other payables - related parties (Note 7) 3,302 - 202 2230 Current income tax liabilities 22,110 1 62,610 2250 Provision for liabilities - current (Note 6(13)) 1,277 - 1,735 2280 Lease liabilities - current (Note 6(12)) 16,712 1 15,362 2282 Lease liabilities - related parties - current (Notes 6(12) and 7) 4,625 - - 2300 Other current liabilities (Note 6(20)) 16,669 1 15,001 Total current liabilities 531,504 24 633,209 Non-current liabilities	- 8 - 11 - 2 - 1
current(Note 6(2)) 633 - 23 2170 Notes and accounts payable 115,773 5 188,895 2180 Accounts payable - related parties (Note 7) 10 - - 2219 Other payables (Note 6(21)) 263,673 12 276,500 2220 Other payables - related parties (Note 7) 3,302 - 202 2230 Current income tax liabilities 22,110 1 62,610 2250 Provision for liabilities - current (Note 6(13)) 1,277 - 1,735 2280 Lease liabilities - current (Note 6(12)) 16,712 1 15,362 2282 Lease liabilities - related parties - current (Notes 6(12) and 7) 4,625 - - 2300 Other current liabilities 531,504 24 633,209 Non-current liabilities 2580 Lease liabilities non-current (Note 6(12)) 5,137 - 19,743 2582 Lease liabilities related parties - non-current (Note 6(12)) 1,6633 1 - 2570	- 11 - 2 - 1
Notes and accounts payable 115,773 5 188,895	- 11 - 2 - 1
Accounts payable - related parties (Note 7)	- 11 - 2 - 1
Other payables (Note 6(21))	- 2 - 1
2220 Other payables - related parties (Note 7) 3,302 - 202 2230 Current income tax liabilities 22,110 1 62,610 2250 Provision for liabilities - current (Note 6(13)) 1,277 - 1,735 2280 Lease liabilities - current (Note 6(12)) 16,712 1 15,362 2282 Lease liabilities - related parties - current (Notes 6(12) and 7) 4,625 - - 2300 Other current liabilities 531,504 24 633,209 Non-current liabilities Solution of Current liabilities Lease liabilities non-current (Note 6(12)) 5,137 - 19,743 2580 Lease liabilities - related parties - non-current (Note 6(12)) 5,137 - 19,743 2582 Lease liabilities (Note 6(12)) 3,862 - 5,776 2570 Deferred income tax liabilities (Note 6(16)) 1,164 - 1,661 2645 Deposits received - - 1,130 Total non-current liabilities 558,300	- 2 - 1
Current income tax liabilities 22,110 1 62,610	- 1
2250 Provision for liabilities - current (Note 6(13)) 1,277 - 1,735	- 1
Lease liabilities-current (Note 6(12)) 16,712 1 15,362	-
Lease liabilities-current (Note 6(12))	-
Lease liabilities - related parties - current (Notes 6(12) and 7)	- 1
7)	- 1
Other current liabilities (Note 6(20))	1
Total current liabilities 531,504 24 633,209 Non-current liabilities:	
Non-current liabilities: 2580	26
Lease liabilities - related parties - non-current (Notes 6(12) and 7)	
Lease liabilities - related parties - non-current (Notes 6(12) and 7)	1
(Notes 6(12) and 7) 16,633 1 - 2570 Deferred income tax liabilities (Note 6(16)) 1,164 - 1,661 2640 Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current (Note 6(15)) 3,862 - 5,776 2645 Deposits received - - 1,130 Total non-current liabilities 26,796 1 28,310 Equity (Notes 6(17) and (18)) Stational Stationary (Notes 6(17) and (18)) 3110 Common stock 478,753 21 478,753 3200 Capital surplus 690,174 31 690,174 Retained earnings: 3310 Legal reserve 117,973 5 88,824	
Deferred income tax liabilities (Note 6(16))	_
2640 Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current (Note 6(15)) 3,862 - 5,776 2645 Deposits received - - 1,130 Total non-current liabilities 26,796 1 28,310 Total liabilities 558,300 25 661,519 Equity (Notes 6(17) and (18)) 3110 Common stock 478,753 21 478,753 3200 Capital surplus 690,174 31 690,174 Retained earnings: 3310 Legal reserve 117,973 5 88,824	_
Total non-current liabilities 26,796 1 28,310 Total liabilities 558,300 25 661,519 Equity (Notes 6(17) and (18)) 3110 Common stock 478,753 21 478,753 3200 Capital surplus 690,174 31 690,174 Retained earnings: 3310 Legal reserve 117,973 5 88,824	_
Total non-current liabilities 26,796 1 28,310 Total liabilities 558,300 25 661,519 Equity (Notes 6(17) and (18)) 3110 Common stock 478,753 21 478,753 3200 Capital surplus 690,174 31 690,174 Retained earnings: 3310 Legal reserve 117,973 5 88,824	_
Equity (Notes 6(17) and (18)) 3110 Common stock 478,753 21 478,753 3200 Capital surplus 690,174 31 690,174 Retained earnings: 3310 Legal reserve 117,973 5 88,824	1
Equity (Notes 6(17) and (18)) 3110 Common stock 478,753 21 478,753 3200 Capital surplus 690,174 31 690,174 Retained earnings: 3310 Legal reserve 117,973 5 88,824	27
3110 Common stock 478,753 21 478,753 3200 Capital surplus 690,174 31 690,174 Retained earnings: 3310 Legal reserve 117,973 5 88,824	
3200 Capital surplus 690,174 31 690,174 Retained earnings: 3310 Legal reserve 117,973 5 88,824	20
Retained earnings: 3310 Legal reserve 117,973 5 88,824	28
3310 Legal reserve 117,973 5 88,824	
3320 Special reserve 1 236 - 1 341	4
3320 Special reserve	-
3350 Unappropriated earnings 497,809 22 519,173	21
617,018 27 609,338	25
Other equity:	
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations (886) - (1,236)	-
Unrealized losses on financial assets at fair value through	
other comprehensive income (9,114)	-
Total other equity $ (10,000) - (1,236) $	-
3500 Treasury stock (85,925) (4) -	-
Total equity 1,690,020 75 1,777,029	73
Total liabilities and equity <u>\$ 2,248,320 100 2,438,548</u>	12

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) Unictron Technologies Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Share)

			2022		2021	
			Amount	% _	Amount	%
4000	Net revenue (Notes 6(20), 7 and 14)	\$	1,498,552	100	1,705,810	100
5000	Operating costs (Notes 6(6), (7), (8), (10), (12), (13), (15), (18),					
	(21), 7 and 12)		(907,164)	(61)	(982,430)	(58)
	Gross profit		591,388	39	723,380	42
	Operating expenses (Notes 6(5), (7), (8), (10), (12), (15), (18),		•			,
	(21), 7 and 12):					
6100	Marketing expenses		(71,548)	(4)	(90,448)	(5)
6200	Administrative expenses		(118,017)	(8)	(144,036)	(9)
6300	Research and development expenses		(146,930)	(10)	(138,252)	(8)
6450	Expected credit gain (loss)		810	-	(2,957)	
6000	Total operating expenses		(335,685)	(22)	(375,693)	(22)
	Operating income		255,703	17	347,687	20
	Non-operating income and expenses (Notes 6(9), (12), (14),					
	(15), (22), (24), 7 and 12):					
7100	Interest income		2,767	-	505	-
7010	Other income		17,127	1	8,296	1
7020	Other gains and losses		37,662	3	(4,111)	-
7050	Finance costs		(903)	-	(1,518)	
	Total non-operating income and expenses	_	56,653	4	3,172	1
	Income before income tax		312,356	21	350,859	21
7950	Less: Income tax expenses (Note 6(16))	_	(42,583)	(3)	(59,835)	(4)
	Net income		269,773	18	291,024	17
	Other comprehensive income (Note 6(17)):					
8310	Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	3				
8311	Remeasurement of defined benefit plans		1,221	-	465	-
8316	Unrealized losses from investments in equity instruments					
	measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		(9,114)	(1)	-	-
8349	Income taxes related to items that may not be reclassified		-		-	
			(7,893)	(1)	465	
8360	Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss					
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		350	-	105	-
8399	Income taxes related to items that may be reclassified		-	-	-	-
			350		105	
	Other comprehensive income of the period		(7,543)	(1)	570	
	Total comprehensive income of the period	\$	262,230	17	291,594	17
	Earnings per share (Unit: NT\$, Note 6(19))					
9750	Basic earnings per share	\$		5.68		6.60
9850	Diluted earnings per share	\$		5.58		6.55

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) Unictron Technologies Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Balance of January 1, 2021

Net income of the period

Other comprehensive income of the period Total comprehensive income of the period Appropriation and distribution of earnings:

Legal reserve

Special reserve

Cash dividends distributed to shareholders

Capital increase by cash

Share-based payment transactions

Balance of December 31, 2021

Net income of the period

Other comprehensive income of the period Total comprehensive income of the period Appropriation and distribution of earnings:

Legal reserve

Special reserve

Cash dividends distributed to shareholders Repurchase of treasury stock

Balance of December 31, 2022

					uity attributed to	•		Other equity items			
				Retained	earnings			Unrealized losses on financial assets at fair value through			
					Unappropriate		foreign operations	other comprehensive		Treasury	
Com	mon stock Ca	pital surplus Le	egal reserve Spe			Total		income	Total	stock	Total equity
\$	437,753	131,148	71,789	_	399,274	471,063	(1,341)	-	(1,341)	-	1,038,623
	-	-	-	-	291,024	291,024	-	-	-	-	291,024
	-	-	-	-	465	465	105	-	105	-	570
	-	-	-	-	291,489	291,489	105	-	105		291,594
	_	_	17,035	_	(17,035)	_	_	-	_	_	-
	_	-	<u>-</u>	1,341	(1,341)	-	-	-	_	-	-
	_	-	-	-	(153,214)	(153,214)	-	-	-	-	(153,214)
	41,000	546,399	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	587,399
	-	12,627	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,627
	478,753	690,174	88,824	1,341	519,173	609,338	(1,236)	-	(1,236)	-	1,777,029
	-	-	-	-	269,773	269,773	-	-	-	-	269,773
	-	-	-	-	1,221	1,221	350	(9,114)	(8,764)	-	(7,543)
	-	-	-	-	270,994	270,994	350	(9,114)	(8,764)	-	262,230
	_	-	29,149	-	(29,149)	-	-	-	-	-	-
	_	-	-	(105)	105	-	-	-	_	-	-
	_	-	-	- ` ′	(263,314)	(263,314)	-	-	_	-	(263,314)
	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	(85,925)	(85,925)
\$	478,753	690,174	117,973	1,236	497,809	617,018	(886)	(9.114)	(10,000)	(85,925)	1,690,020

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) Unictron Technologies Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Income before income tax	\$	312,356	350,859
Adjustments for:			
Income and expenses items			
Depreciation expenses		98,334	74,897
Amortization expenses		3,903	4,618
Expected credit impairment loss (reversal gain)		(810)	2,957
Interest expenses		903	1,518
Interest income		(2,767)	(505)
Dividend income		(7,150)	-
Share-based payment compensation costs		-	12,627
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(61)	-
Gain on disposal of investment property		(36,821)	(1,909)
Total income and expenses items		55,531	94,203
Changes in assets/liabilities related to operating activities:	<u>-</u>		
Net changes in assets related to operating activities:			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		540	707
Notes and accounts receivable		92,983	(42,527)
Accounts receivable - related parties		(3,946)	21,543
Inventories		(64,246)	(124,336)
Prepayments and other current assets		(4,852)	(1,440)
Total net changes in assets related to operating activities		20,479	(146,053)
Net changes in liabilities related to operating activities:	-	,	
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		610	(5)
Notes and accounts payable		(73,122)	26,351
Accounts payable - related parties		10	-
Other payables		(7,746)	68,834
Other payables - related parties		3,100	202
Provision for liabilities		(458)	(757)
Other current liabilities		1,668	à,574
Net defined benefit liabilities		(693)	(3,823)
Total net changes in liabilities related to operating activities	-	(76,631)	95,376
Total net changes in assets and liabilities related to operating		(56,152)	(50,677)
activities		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total adjustments		(621)	43,526
Cash inflows from operations		311,735	394,385
Interest received		2,702	493
Interest paid		(705)	(1,518)
Income taxes paid		(89,218)	(21,872)
Net cash inflows from operating activities		224,514	371,488
			(Continued)

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) Unictron Technologies Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued) For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2022	2021
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisition of financial assets measured at amortized cost	(215,000)	-
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive	(89,623)	-
income		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (including prepayments for equipment)	(153,013)	(79,784)
Price for disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,067	-
Increase in refundable deposits	(589)	(699)
Acquisition of intangible assets	(1,840)	(5,413)
Acquisition of investment property	(137)	(100)
Price for disposal of investment property	64,070	26,208
Dividends received	7,150	
Net cash outflows from investing activities	(387,915)	(59,788)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Increase in short-term borrowings	13,839	37,283
Increase (decrease) in deposits received	(1,130)	50
Principal repayment of leases	(18,639)	(15,033)
Cash dividends paid	(263,314)	(153,214)
Capital increase by cash	-	587,399
Cost of treasury stock repurchase	(85,925)	-
Net cash inflows (outflows) from financing activities	(355,169)	456,485
Effect of changes in exchange rates	280	79
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents of the period	(518,290)	768,264
Balance of cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,121,520	353,256
Balance of cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 603,230	1,121,520

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Unictron Technologies Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the parent-company-only financial statements of Unictron Technologies Corporation (the "Company"), which comprise the parent-company-only balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the parent-company-only statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity can cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the parent-company-only financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying parent-company-only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the company as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Certification of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the parent-company-only financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. Based on our audits and the reports of other auditors, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significant in our audit of the parent-company-only financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of parent-company-only financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Key audit matters for the Company's parent-company-only financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 are stated as follows:

I. Revenue recognition

Please refer to Note 4(15) to the parent-company-only financial reports for the accounting policies related to revenue recognition and Note 6(21) to the parent-company-only financial reports for disclosures related to revenue recognition.

Description on the Key Audit Matters:

Unictron Technologies Corporation's sales to customers involve different types of transaction terms. Unictron Technologies Corporation is required to identify the timing of transfer of control of goods to customers based on the sales terms of individual transactions. Therefore, the revenue recognition testing is one of the important evaluation matters performed in our audit of Unictron Technologies Corporation's parent-company-only financial reports.

Audit procedures:

Our main audit procedures for the above key audit matters included testing the sales and payment collection operations and the internal control related to its financial reporting, and reviewing the sales contracts or evidence of transactions to assess whether the timing of revenue recognition was based on the terms of the transactions with the customers; testing a sample of sales transactions for the period before and after the end of the year to identify the timing at which the control over the goods was transferred to the customer to satisfy the contractual obligations in order to assess whether the timing of revenue recognition was appropriate; reviewing whether significant sales returns and discounts were incurred in the subsequent period to understand and analyze the reasons in order to assess the appropriateness of revenue and related sales returns and discounts in the period in which they are recognized.

II. Inventory valuation

Please refer to Note 4(7) to the parent-company-only financial reports for the accounting policies related to inventory valuation; Please refer to Note 5 to the parent-company-only financial reports for the description on accounting estimates and assumption uncertainties related to inventory valuation; Please refer to Note 6(6) to the parent-company-only financial reports for the provision of inventory falling price loss.

Description on the Key Audit Matters:

Inventories are subsequently measured at the lower of costs or net realizable value. Due to the rapid

technology advancement, the costs of inventories may exceed their net realizable value due to obsolescence or a decrease in sales price, resulting in inventory falling price loss. The evaluation of net realizable value involves management's subjective judgment. Therefore, inventory valuation is one of the important evaluation matters in our audit of Unictron Technologies Corporation's parent-company-only financial reports.

Audit procedures:

Our main audit procedures for the above key audit matters included reviewing the inventory aging statements provided by Unictron Technologies Corporation and analyzing the changes in inventory aging; sampling the accuracy of the inventory aging statements; reviewing the valuation of inventories and confirming that the accounting policies established by Unictron Technologies Corporation were followed; and evaluating the reasonableness of the allowance for inventory falling price loss and provision policy formulated by the management.

Responsibility of management and those charged with Governance for the Parent-Company-Only Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent-company-only financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent-company-only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the parent-company-only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including members of the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent-Company-Only Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent-company-only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that as audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent-company-only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- I. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent-company-only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate or provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- II. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- III. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- IV. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the parent-company-only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- V. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent-company-only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent-company-only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- VI. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the investees

accounted for using the equity method to express an opinion on the parent-company-only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remained solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the parent-company-only financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstance, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Tzu-Chieh Tang and Huei-Chen Chang

KPMG Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China March 3, 2023

Unictron Technologies Corporation

Parent-Company-Only Balance Sheets

December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			December 31, 20	22	December 31, 2021		
	Assets		Amount	%	Amount	%	
	Current assets:						
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6(1))	\$	593,562	27	1,114,803	46	
1110	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current						
	(Note 6(2))		25	-	565	-	
1120	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income -						
	current (Note 6(3))		80,509	4	-	-	
1137	Financial assets measured at amortized cost - current (Notes 6(1),						
	(4) and 8)		216,100	10	1,100	-	
1170	Notes and accounts receivable, net (Notes 6(5) and (21))		238,881	11	326,305	14	
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties (Notes 6(5), (21) and 7)		34,981	1	29,368	1	
1310	Inventories (Note 6(6))		367,549	16	297,943	12	
1410	Prepayments and other current assets		11,155	-	11,994	1	
	Total current assets		1,542,762	69	1,782,078	74	
	Non-current assets:						
1550	Investments accounted for using the equity method (Note 6(7))		11,048	1	13,134	1	
1600	Property, plant and equipment (Notes 6(8) and 7)		586,977	26	504,683	21	
1755	Right-of-use assets (Note 6(9))		41,714	2	31,664	1	
1760	Investment property, net (Note 6(10))		-	-	27,506	1	
1780	Intangible assets (Note 6(11))		5,504	-	7,123	-	
1840	Deferred income tax assets (Note 6(17))		18,680	1	13,054	1	
1915	Prepayments for equipment		19,576	1	27,815	1	
1920	Refundable deposits		3,986	-	3,460		
	Total non-current assets		687,485	31	628,439	26	
	Total assets	\$	2,230,247	100	2,410,517	100	
					(Conti	nued)	

Unictron Technologies Corporation

Parent-Company-Only Balance Sheets (continued)

December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			December 31, 20)22	December 31, 2021		
	Liabilities and equity		Amount	%	Amount	%	
	Current liabilities:		-		-		
2100	Short-term borrowings (Note 6(12))	\$	86,720	4	72,881	3	
2120	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss -						
	current(Note 6(2))		633	_	23	-	
2170	Notes and accounts payable		106,160	5	175,934	7	
2180	Accounts payable - related parties (Note 7)		1,158	-	398	-	
2219	Other payables (Note 6(22))		257,445	11	267,158	11	
2220	Other payables - related parties (Note 7)		3,302	-	222	-	
2230	Current income tax liabilities		21,159	1	61,672	2	
2252	Provision for liabilities - current (Note 6(14))		1,277	-	1,735	-	
2280	Lease liabilities-current (Note 6(13))		14,526	1	12,904	1	
2282	Lease liabilities - related parties - current (Notes 6(13) and 7)		4,625	-	-	-	
2399	Other current liabilities (Note 6(21))		16,426_	1	14,406	1	
	Total current liabilities		513,431	23	607,333	25	
	Non-current liabilities:						
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities (Note 6(17))		1,164	-	1,661	-	
2581	Lease liabilities non-current (Note 6(13))		5,137	-	17,588	1	
2582	Lease liabilities - related parties - non-current (Notes 6(13) and 7)		16,633	1	-	-	
2640	Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current (Note 6(16))		3,862	-	5,776	-	
2645	Deposits received			-	1,130	-	
	Total non-current liabilities		26,796	1	26,155	1	
	Total liabilities		540,227	24	633,488	26	
	Equity (Notes 6(18) and (19))						
3110	Common stock		478,753	21	478,753	20	
3200	Capital surplus		690,174	31	690,174	29	
	Retained earnings:						
3310	Legal reserve		117,973	5	88,824	4	
3320	Special reserve		1,236	-	1,341	-	
3350	Unappropriated earnings		497,809	23	519,173	21	
			617,018	28	609,338	25	
	Other equity:						
3410	Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		(886)	-	(1,236)	-	
3420	Unrealized losses on financial assets at fair value through other		(9,114)				
	comprehensive income	-	•			-	
	Total other equity		(10,000)	-	(1,236)		
3500	Treasury stock		(85,925)	(4)	-		
	Total equity		1,690,020	76	1,777,029	74	
	Total liabilities and equity	\$	2,230,247	100	2,410,517	100	

Unictron Technologies Corporation

Parent-Company-Only Statements of Comprehensive Income For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2022		2021		
		Amount	%	Amount	%	
4000	Net revenue (Notes 6(21) and 7)	\$ 1,462,060	100	1,608,599	100	
5000	Operating costs (Notes 6(6), (8), (9), (11), (13), (14),			, ,		
	(16), (19), (22), 7 and 12)	(880,634)	(60)	(916,278)	(57)	
	Gross profit	581,426	40	692,321	43	
5910	Unrealized gain on sales	(560)	-	(74)	-	
	Realized gross profit	580,866	40	692,247	43	
	Operating expenses (Notes 6(5), (8), (9), (11), (13),					
	(15), (16), (19), (22), 7 and 12):					
6100	Marketing expenses	(68,580)	(5)	(79,745)	(5)	
6200	Administrative expenses	(103,341)	(7)	(123,779)	(8)	
6300	Research and development expenses	(145,462)	(10)	(132,146)	(8)	
6450	Expected credit gain (loss)	855	-	(2,195)	-	
6000	Total operating expenses	(316,528)	(22)	(337,865)	(21)	
	Operating income	264,338	18	354,382	22	
	Non-operating income and expenses (Notes 6(10),			,		
	(13), (15), (23), 7 and 12):					
7100	Interest income	2,751	-	479	-	
7010	Other income	14,839	1	3,853	-	
7020	Other gains and losses	37,632	2	(2,096)	-	
7050	Finance costs	(863)	-	(1,453)	-	
7070	Share of profits (losses) of subsidiaries recognized using the	,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	equity method	(6,341)	-	(5,694)		
	Total non-operating income and expenses	48,018	3	(4,911)	-	
	Income before income tax	312,356	21	349,471	22	
7950	Less: Income tax expenses (Note 6(17))	(42,583)	(3)	(58,447)	(4)	
	Net income	269,773	18	291,024	18	
	Other comprehensive income (Note 6(18)):					
8310	Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or					
	loss					
8311	Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	1,221	-	465	-	
8316	Unrealized losses from investments in equity instruments					
	measured at fair value through other comprehensive					
	income	(9,114)	-	-	-	
8349	Income taxes related to items that may not be reclassified		-	-	_	
	·	(7,893)	-	465	_	
8360	Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss	3				
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	350	-	105	-	
8399	Income taxes related to items that may be reclassified		-	-		
		350	-	105		
	Other comprehensive income of the period	(7,543)	-	570	_	
	Total comprehensive income of the period	\$ 262,230	18	291,594	18	
	Earnings per share (Unit: NT\$, Note 6(20))					
9750	Basic earnings per share	<u>\$ 5.68</u>	_	6.60		
9850	Diluted earnings per share	\$ 5.58		6.55		

Unictron Technologies Corporation

Parent-Company-Only of Statement of Changes in Equity For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		ommon stock	- Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Retained of Special reserve	earnings Unappropri ated earnings	Total	Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	Other equity items Unrealized losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total	Treasury stock	Total equity
Balance of January 1, 2021	\$	437,753	131,148	71,789	_	399,274	471,063	(1,341)	_	(1,341)	_	1,038,623
Net income of the period	Ψ	- -	131,170	-		291,024	291,024	(1,571)	<u>-</u>	(1,571)		291,024
Other comprehensive income of the period		_	-	_	_	465	465	105	-	105	_	570
Total comprehensive income of the period	-			-		291,489	291,489	105		105	<u>_</u>	291,594
Appropriation and distribution of earnings:	-				-	271,407	271,407	103		103		271,374
Legal reserve		_	_	17,035	_	(17,035)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Special reserve		_	_	-	1,341	(1,341)	_	_	-	_	_	-
Cash dividends distributed to shareholders		_	_	_	-	(153,214)	(153,214)	_	_	_	_	(153,214)
Capital increase by cash		41,000	546,399	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	587,399
Share-based payment transactions		-	12,627	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	12,627
Balance of December 31, 2021	-	478,753	690,174	88,824	1,341	519,173	609,338	(1,236)	-	(1,236)	_	1,777,029
Net income of the period	-	-	-	-	-	269,773	269,773	-	-	-	_	269,773
Other comprehensive income of the period		_	_	_	_	1,221	1,221	350	(9,114)	(8,764)	_	(7,543)
Total comprehensive income of the period		-	-	-	_	270,994	270,994	350	(9,114)	(8,764)	-	262,230
Appropriation and distribution of earnings:										*		
Legal reserve		-	-	29,149	_	(29,149)	_	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve		-	-	-	(105)	105	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends distributed to shareholders		-	-	-	-	(263,314)	(263,314)	-	-	-	-	(263,314)
Repurchase of Treasury stock		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	(85,925)	
Balance of December 31, 2022	\$	478,753	690,174	117,973	1,236	497,809	617,018	(886)	(9,114)	(10,000)	(85,925)	1,690,020

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) Unictron Technologies Corporation

Parent-Company-Only of Statement of Cash Flows For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities:	Ф	212.256	240.451
Income before income tax of the period	<u>\$</u>	312,356	349,471
Adjustments for:			
Income and expenses items		0.7.010	5 0.001
Depreciation expenses		95,319	70,821
Amortization expenses		3,459	4,054
Expected credit impairment loss (reversal gain)		(855)	2,195
Interest expenses		863	1,453
Interest income		(2,751)	(479)
Dividend income		(7,150)	-
Share-based payment compensation costs		-	12,627
Share of losses of subsidiaries recognized using the equity method		6,341	5,694
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(61)	-
Gain on disposal of investment property		(36,821)	(1,909)
Unrealized gain on sales between affiliated companies		560	74
Total income and expenses items		58,904	94,530
Changes in assets/liabilities related to operating activities:			
Net changes in assets related to operating activities:			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		540	707
Notes and accounts receivable		88,279	(74,569)
Accounts receivable - related parties		(5,613)	51,285
Inventories		(69,606)	(130,621)
Prepayments and other current assets		901	(1,910)
Total net changes in assets related to operating activities		14,501	(155,108)
Net changes in liabilities related to operating activities:			(,===,,===,)
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		610	(4)
Notes and accounts payable		(69,774)	31,976
Accounts payable - related parties		760	(585)
Other payables		(4,633)	81,124
Other payables - related parties		3,080	222
Provision for liabilities		(458)	(757)
Other current liabilities		2,020	5,074
Net defined benefit liabilities		(693)	(1,488)
Total net changes in liabilities related to operating activities		(69,088)	115,562
Total net changes in assets and liabilities related to operating		(54,587)	(39,546)
activities		(34,307)	(33,340)
		4,317	54,984
Total adjustments	-	316,673	
Cash inflows from operations			404,455
Interest received		2,687	468
Interest paid		(666)	(1,453)
Income taxes paid		(89,218)	(21,872)
Net cash inflows from operating activities		229,476	381,598
			(Continued)

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) **Unictron Technologies Corporation** Parent-Company-Only of Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2022	2021
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Cash inflows from combination	-	87,346
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(89,623)	-
Acquisition of financial assets measured at amortized cost	(215,000)	-
Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method	(4,465)	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (including prepayments for equipment)	(158,697)	(79,100)
Price for disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,067	-
Acquisition of investment property	(137)	(100)
Price for disposal of investment property	64,070	26,208
Acquisition of intangible assets	(1,840)	(4,148)
Increase in refundable deposits	(526)	(637)
Dividends received	 7,150	
Net cash inflows (outflows) from investing activities	(398,001)	29,569
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Increase in short-term borrowings	13,839	37,283
Increase (decrease) in deposits received	(1,130)	50
Principal repayment of leases	(16,186)	(12,727)
Cash dividends paid	(263,314)	(153,214)
Capital increase by cash	-	587,399
Cost of treasury stock repurchase	 (85,925)	
Net cash inflows (outflows) from financing activities	(352,716)	458,791
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents of the period	(521,241)	869,958
Balance of cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	 1,114,803	244,845
Balance of cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 593,562	1,114,803

Attachment II

Unictron Technologies Corporation

Comparison Table of Rules of Procedure for Shareholder Meetings before and after revision

Articles	Unrevised Articles	Revised Articles	
		Unless otherwise provided by law, Shareholders' Meetings of the Company shall be convened by the Board of Directors. The convening of an annual general meeting shall be made 20 days in advance, and the convening of an extraordinary general meeting shall be made 10 days in advance by sending a written or electronic notice of the date and place of the meeting and the proposed matters. This Corporation shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders meeting notice and proxy forms, proposals for ratification, matters for deliberation, or the election or dismissal of directors or supervisors, and upload them to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) before 30 days before the date of a regular shareholders meeting or before 15 days before the date of a special shareholders meeting. The Company shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders meeting handbook and supplemental meeting materials and upload them to the MOPS before 21 days before the date of the regular shareholders meeting or before 15 days before the date of the special shareholders meeting. In addition, 15 days prior to the date of the shareholders meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and made them available for review by shareholders at any time. The meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and made them available for review by shareholders at any time. The meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials in the preceding paragraph available to shareholders for review in the following manner on the date of the shareholders meeting: I. For physical shareholders meetings, to be distributed on-site at the meeting. II. For hybrid shareholders meetings, to be distributed on-site at the meeting and shared on the virtual meeting platform. III. For virtual-only shareholders meetings, electronic files shall be shared on the virtual meeting platform.	Description Revision as required by rules and actual situations
Article 4	For each shareholders meeting, a shareholder may appoint a proxy to attend the meeting by providing the proxy form issued by this Corporation and stating the scope of the proxy's authorization. A shareholder may issue only one proxy form and appoint only one proxy for any given shareholders meeting, and shall deliver the proxy form to this Corporation before five days before the date of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate proxy	(Omitted.) For each shareholders meeting, a shareholder may appoint a proxy to attend the meeting by providing the proxy form issued by this Corporation and stating the scope of the proxy's authorization. A shareholder may issue only one proxy form and appoint only one proxy for any given shareholders meeting, and shall deliver the proxy form to this Corporation before five days before the date of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate proxy forms are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail unless a declaration is made to cancel the previous	Revision as required by rules and actual situations

Articles	Unrevised Articles	Revised Articles	Description
	forms are delivered, the one received	proxy appointment.	
	earliest shall prevail unless a declaration is	After a proxy form has been delivered to this	
	made to cancel the previous proxy	Corporation, if the shareholder intends to attend the	
	appointment.	meeting in person or to exercise voting rights by	
	After a proxy form has been delivered to this	correspondence or electronically, a written notice of	
	Corporation, if the shareholder intends to attend the meeting in person or to exercise	proxy cancellation shall be submitted to this	
	voting rights by correspondence or	Corporation before two business days before the	
	electronically, a written notice of proxy	meeting date. If the cancellation notice is submitted	
	cancellation shall be submitted to this	after that time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.	
	Corporation before two business days before	After a proxy form has been delivered to the	
	the meeting date. If the cancellation notice is	Company, if the shareholder intends to attend the	
	submitted after that time, votes cast at the	meeting electronically, a written notice of proxy	
	meeting by the proxy shall prevail.	cancellation shall be submitted to the Company	
		before two business days before the meeting date. If	
		the cancellation notice is submitted after that time,	
		votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.	
Article 5	The Company shall specify in its	The Company shall specify in its shareholders	Revision as
Aiticic 3	shareholders meeting notices the time during	meeting notices the time during which attendance	required by
	which attendance registrations for	registrations for shareholders, solicitors and proxies	rules and
	shareholders will be accepted, the place to	(collectively "shareholders") will be accepted, the	actual
	register for attendance, and other matters for	place to register for attendance, and other matters for	situations
	attention.	attention.	
	The time during which shareholder	The time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, as stated in the	
	attendance registrations will be accepted, as stated in the preceding paragraph, shall be at	preceding paragraph, shall be at least 30 minutes	
	least 30 minutes prior to the time the	prior to the time the meeting commences. The place	
	meeting commences. The place at which	at which attendance registrations are accepted shall	
	attendance registrations are accepted shall be	be clearly marked and a sufficient number of suitable	
	clearly marked and a sufficient number of	personnel assigned to handle the registrations. For	
	suitable personnel assigned to handle the	virtual shareholders meetings, shareholders may	
	registrations.	begin to register on the virtual meeting platform 30	
	Shareholders of proxy agents shall attend	minutes before the meeting starts. Shareholders	
	shareholders meetings based on attendance cards, sign-in cards, or other certificates of	completing registration will be deemed as attend the	
	attendance. This Corporation may not	shareholders meeting in person.	
	arbitrarily add requirements for other	Shareholders shall attend shareholders meetings based on attendance cards, sign-in cards, or other	
	documents beyond those showing eligibility	certificates of attendance. This Corporation may not	
	to attend presented by shareholders.	arbitrarily add requirements for other documents	
	Solicitors soliciting proxy forms shall also	beyond those showing eligibility to attend presented	
	bring identification documents for	by shareholders. Solicitors soliciting proxy forms	
	verification.	shall also bring identification documents for	
	This Corporation shall furnish the attending shareholders with an attendance book to	verification.	
	sign, or attending shareholders may hand in	This Corporation shall furnish the attending	
	a sign-in card in lieu of signing in. Voting at	shareholders with an attendance book to sign, or	
	a shareholders meeting shall be calculated	attending shareholders may hand in a sign-in card in	
	based on the number of shares. The number	lieu of signing in. Voting at a shareholders meeting	
	of shares in attendance shall be calculated	shall be calculated based on the number of shares.	
	according to the shares indicated by the	The number of shares in attendance shall be	
	attendance book and sign-in cards handed	calculated according to the shares indicated by the	
	in, plus the number of shares whose voting rights are exercised by correspondence or	attendance book and sign-in cards handed in and the shares checked in on the virtual meeting platform.	
	electronically.	plus the number of shares whose voting rights are	
	This Corporation shall furnish attending	exercised by correspondence or electronically.	
	shareholders with the meeting agenda book,	This Corporation shall furnish attending shareholders	
	annual report, attendance card, speaker's	with the meeting agenda book, annual report,	
	slips, voting slips, and other meeting	attendance card, speaker's slips, voting slips, and	
	materials. Where there is an election of	other meeting materials. Where there is an election	
	directors or supervisors, pre-printed ballots	of directors or supervisors, pre-printed ballots shall	
	shall also be furnished. When the government or a juristic person is	also be furnished.	
	a shareholder, it may be represented by more	When the government or a juristic person is a	
<u> </u>	a sharehelder, it may be represented by more	shareholder, it may be represented by more than one	

Articles	Unrevised Articles	Revised Articles	Description
	than one representative at a shareholders	representative at a shareholders meeting. When a	•
	meeting. When a juristic person is appointed	juristic person is appointed to attend as proxy, it may	
	to attend as proxy, it may designate only one person to represent it in the meeting.	designate only one person to represent it in the	
	person to represent it in the meeting.	meeting. In the event of a virtual shareholders meeting,	
		shareholders wishing to attend the meeting online	
		shall register with this Corporation two days before	
		the meeting date	
		In the event of a virtual shareholders meeting, this	
		Corporation shall upload the meeting agenda book, annual report and other meeting materials to the	
		virtual meeting platform at least 30 minutes before	
		the meeting starts, and keep this information	
		disclosed until the end of the meeting.	
Article 6	Deleted.	To convene a virtual shareholders meeting, this	Added as
		Corporation shall include the follow particulars in the shareholders meeting notice:	required by new rules
		I. How shareholders attend the virtual meeting and	new rules
		exercise their rights.	
		II. Actions to be taken if the virtual meeting platform	
		or participation in the virtual meeting is obstructed	
		due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events, at least covering the following	
		particulars:	
		(I) To what time the meeting is postponed or from	
		what time the meeting will resume if the above	
		obstruction continues and cannot be removed, and	
		the date to which the meeting is postponed or on which the meeting will resume	
		(II) Shareholders not having registered to attend the	
		affected virtual shareholders meeting shall not attend	
		the postponed or resumed session.	
		(III) In case of a hybrid shareholders meeting, when the virtual meeting cannot be continued, if the total	
		number of shares represented at the meeting, after	
		deducting those represented by shareholders	
		attending the virtual shareholders meeting online,	
		meets the minimum legal requirement for a shareholder meeting, then the shareholders meeting	
		shall continue. The shares represented by	
		shareholders attending the virtual meeting online	
		shall be counted towards the total number of shares	
		represented by shareholders present at the meeting, and the shareholders attending the virtual meeting	
		online shall be deemed abstaining from voting on all	
		proposals on the meeting agenda of that shareholders	
		meeting.	
		(IV) Actions to be taken if the outcome of all	
		proposals have been announced and extraordinary motion has not been carried out.	
		III. To convene a virtual-only shareholders meeting,	
		appropriate alternative measures available to	
		shareholders with difficulties in attending virtual	
	The venue for a shareholders meeting shall	shareholders meeting online shall be specified. The venue for a shareholders meeting shall be the	Revision as
Article 8	be the premises of this Corporation, or a	premises of this Corporation, or a place easily	required by
	place easily accessible to shareholders and	accessible to shareholders and suitable for a	rules and
	suitable for a shareholders meeting. The	shareholders meeting. The meeting may begin no	actual
	meeting may begin no earlier than 9 a.m. and no later than 3 p.m. This Corporation may	earlier than 9 a.m. and no later than 3 p.m. This	situations
	appoint its attorneys, certified public	Corporation may appoint its attorneys, certified public accountants, or related persons retained by it	
	accountants, or related persons retained by it	pasto accommune, or related persons retained by it	

Articles	Unrevised Articles	Revised Articles	Description
	to attend a shareholders meeting in a non-voting capacity.	to attend a shareholders meeting in a non-voting capacity. The restrictions on the place of the meeting shall not apply when this Corporation convenes a virtual-only shareholders meeting.	·
Article 9	The Company, beginning from the time it accepts shareholder attendance registrations, shall make an uninterrupted audio and video recording of the registration procedure, the proceedings of the shareholders meeting, and the voting and vote counting procedures. The recorded materials of the preceding paragraph shall be retained for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the recording shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.	The Company, beginning from the time it accepts shareholder attendance registrations, shall make an uninterrupted audio and video recording of the registration procedure, the proceedings of the shareholders meeting, and the voting and vote counting procedures. The recorded materials of the preceding paragraph shall be retained for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the recording shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation. Where a shareholders meeting is held online, this Corporation shall keep records of shareholder registration, sign-in, check-in, questions raised, votes cast and results of votes counted by this Corporation, and continuously audio and video record, without interruption, the proceedings of the virtual meeting from beginning to end. The information and audio and video recording in the preceding paragraph shall be properly kept by this Corporation during the entirety of its existence, and copies of the audio and video recording shall be provided to and kept by the party appointed to handle matters of the virtual meeting.	Revision as required by rules and actual situations
Article 11	The chair shall call the meeting to order at the appointed meeting time and disclose information concerning the number of nonvoting shares and number of shares represented by shareholders attending the meeting. However, when the attending shareholders do not represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may announce a postponement, provided that no more than two such postponements, for a combined total of no more than one hour, may be made. If the quorum is not met after two postponements and the attending shareholders still represent less than one-third of the total number of issued shares, the chair shall declare the meeting adjourned. If the quorum is not met after two postponements as referred to in the preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one-third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175, paragraph 1 of the Company Act; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within one month. When, prior to conclusion of the meeting, the attending shareholders represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may resubmit the tentative resolution for a vote by the shareholders meeting pursuant to Article 174 of the	The chair shall call the meeting to order at the appointed meeting time and disclose information concerning the number of nonvoting shares and number of shares represented by shareholders attending the meeting. However, when the attending shareholders do not represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may announce a postponement, provided that no more than two such postponements, for a combined total of no more than one hour, may be made. If the quorum is not met after two postponements and the attending shareholders still represent less than one-third of the total number of issued shares, the chair shall declare the meeting adjourned. The cancelling of a meeting for want of quorum shall be announced on the virtual meeting platform if the meeting is convened by virtual conference. If the quorum is not met after two postponements as referred to in the preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one-third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175, paragraph 1 of the Company Act; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within one month. If a shareholders' meeting is to be held by virtual conference, the shareholders wishing to attend it by video conference should register again with the Company according to Article 5. When, prior to conclusion of the meeting, the attending shareholders represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may resubmit	Revision as required by rules and actual situations

Articles	Unrevised Articles	Revised Articles	Description
THUESES	Company Act.	the tentative resolution for a vote by the shareholders	Bescription
		meeting pursuant to Article 174 of the Company Act.	
Article	When the chair is of the opinion that a	If the shareholders' meeting is held by virtual	Added as
Afficie	proposal has been discussed sufficiently to	conference, attending shareholders may ask questions	required by
17	put it to a vote, the chair may announce the discussion closed and call for a vote.	in text on the virtual meeting platform after the	new rules
	discussion closed and can for a vote.	chairman calls the meeting to order and before the meeting is adjourned. During each proposal, there is	
		no more than two questions and each question is no	
		more than 200 words. Articles 13 to 15 is	
		inapplicable to it.	
Article	Deleted.	If the chairman considers that the discussion of a	Revision
Afficie	<u>Defeted.</u>	proposal is ready to be put to the vote, the chairman	required in
18		may declare that the discussion has ceased and put it	accordance
		to the vote.	with the actual
			situation
			Revision as
Article	A shareholder shall be entitled to one vote	A shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share held, except when the shares are restricted	required by
24	for each share held, except when the shares are restricted shares or are deemed non-	shares or are deemed non-voting shares under Article	rules and
	voting shares under Article 179, paragraph 2	179, paragraph 2 of the Company Act.	actual
	of the Company Act.	When this Corporation holds a shareholder meeting,	situations
	When this Corporation holds a shareholder	it shall adopt exercise of voting rights by electronic	
	meeting, it shall adopt exercise of voting rights by electronic means and may adopt	means and may adopt exercise of voting rights by	
	exercise of voting rights by correspondence.	correspondence. (For companies that are required to adopt electronic voting in accordance with the first	
	(For companies that are required to adopt	provision of Article 177-1 of the Companies Act, the	
	electronic voting in accordance with the first	Company shall adopt electronic means and may	
	provision of Article 177-1 of the Companies	adopt written means to exercise its voting rights	
	Act, the Company shall adopt electronic	when it convenes a shareholders' meeting after listing	
	means and may adopt written means to exercise its voting rights when it convenes a	on the stock exchange.) When voting rights are	
	shareholders' meeting after listing on the	exercised by correspondence or electronic means, the	
	stock exchange.) When voting rights are	method of exercise shall be specified in the shareholders meeting notice. A shareholder	
	exercised by correspondence or electronic	exercising voting rights by correspondence or	
	means, the method of exercise shall be specified in the shareholders meeting notice.	electronic means will be deemed to have attended the	
	A shareholder exercising voting rights by	meeting in person, but to have waived his/her rights	
	correspondence or electronic means will be	with respect to the extraordinary motions and	
	deemed to have attended the meeting in	amendments to original proposals of that meeting; it	
	person, but to have waived his/her rights	is therefore advisable that this Corporation avoid the	
	with respect to the extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals of	submission of extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals.	
	that meeting; it is therefore advisable that	A shareholder intending to exercise voting rights by	
	this Corporation avoid the submission of	correspondence or electronic means under the	
	extraordinary motions and amendments to	preceding paragraph shall deliver a written	
	original proposals.	declaration of intent to this Corporation before two	
	A shareholder intending to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic	days before the date of the shareholders meeting.	
	means under the preceding paragraph shall	When duplicate declarations of intent are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail, except when a	
	deliver a written declaration of intent to this	declaration is made to cancel the earlier declaration	
	Corporation before two days before the date	of intent.	
	of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate	After a shareholder has exercised voting rights by	
	declarations of intent are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail, except when a	correspondence or electronic means, in the event the	
	declaration is made to cancel the earlier	shareholder intends to attend the shareholders meeting in person or by virtual, a written declaration	
	declaration of intent.	of intent to retract the voting rights already exercised	
	After a shareholder has exercised voting	under the preceding paragraph shall be made known	
	rights by correspondence or electronic	to this Corporation, by the same means by which the	
	means, in the event the shareholder intends to attend the shareholders meeting in person,	voting rights were exercised, before two business	
	a written declaration of intent to retract the	days before the date of the shareholders meeting. If the notice of retraction is submitted after that time,	
	voting rights already exercised under the	the voting rights already exercised by	
	preceding paragraph shall be made known		

Articles	Unrevised Articles	Revised Articles	Description
	to this Corporation, by the same means by which the voting rights were exercised, before two business days before the date of the shareholders meeting. If the notice of retraction is submitted after that time, the voting rights already exercised by correspondence or electronic means shall prevail. When a shareholder has exercised voting rights both by correspondence or electronic means and by appointing a proxy to attend a shareholders meeting, the voting rights exercised by the proxy in the meeting shall prevail. Except as otherwise provided in the Company Act and in this Corporation's articles of incorporation, the passage of a proposal shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders. At the time of a vote, for each proposal, the chair or a person designated by the chair shall first announce the total number of voting rights represented by the attending shareholders. If the Chairman consults all shareholders present and there is no dissenting voice, the proposal shall be deemed to have been carried and shall have the same effect as a poll. If there is dissenting voice, a poll shall be taken in accordance with the provisions stipulated in the former provisions.	correspondence or electronic means shall prevail. When a shareholder has exercised voting rights both by correspondence or electronic means and by appointing a proxy to attend a shareholders meeting, the voting rights exercised by the proxy in the meeting shall prevail. Except as otherwise provided in the Company Act and in this Corporation's articles of incorporation, the passage of a proposal shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders. At the time of a vote, for each proposal, the chair or a person designated by the chair shall first announce the total number of voting rights represented by the attending shareholders, followed by a poll of the shareholders. If the Chairman consults all shareholders present and there is no dissenting voice, the proposal shall be deemed to have been carried and shall have the same effect as a poll. If there is dissenting voice, a poll shall be taken in accordance with the provisions stipulated in the former provisions. If a shareholders' meeting is held by virtual conference, attending shareholders shall vote on all proposals and elections through the video conference platform after the chairman calls the meeting to order and shall complete the voting before the chairman announces the end of the voting, and any delay shall be deemed as abstention. If a shareholders' meeting is held by virtual conference, the votes shall be counted in one go. The results of the voting and election shall be announced by the chairman.	
Article 30	The Rules was made on June 30, 2017 and was made effective upon completion of the public offering of the Company. The first amendment to the Rules was made on June 27, 2018. The second amendment to the Rules was made on Oct. 8, 2020. The third amendment to the Rules was made on Aug. 5, 2021.	The Rules was made on June 30, 2017 and was made effective upon completion of the public offering of the Company. The first amendment to the Rules was made on June 27, 2018. The second amendment to the Rules was made on Oct. 8, 2020. The third amendment to the Rules was made on Aug. 5, 2021 The fourth amendment to these Regulations was made on June 15, 2023.	Date of revision

Appendix I

Unictron Technologies Corporation

Articles of Incorporation

Chapter 1 General Provisions

- Article 1: The Company is organized in accordance with the provisions of the Company Act, and is named Unictron Technologies Corporation.
- Article 2: Business of the Company is as follows:
 - I. CC01080 Electronic Parts and Components Manufacturing
 - II. F113020 Wholesale of Electrical Appliances
 - III. F119010 Wholesale of Electronic Materials
 - IV. F213010 Retail Sale of Electrical Appliances
 - V. F219010 Wholesale of Electronic Materials
 - VI. I301010 Software Design Services
 - VII. I501010 Product Designing
 - VIII. All business activities that are not prohibited or restricted by law, except those that are subject to special approval.
- Article 3: The Company has its head office in Hsinchu County, and may establish, withdraw or relocate its operations if necessary by resolution of the Board of Directors and approval of the competent authorities.
- Article 4: When the Company may, for business purposes, provide guarantees and make investments in other businesses, the total amount may exceed 40% of the Company's paid-in capital, which shall not be limited by the investment amount stipulated in Article 13 of the Company Act. The Board of Directors shall resolve on the matter of guarantees and reinvestments.

Chapter 2 Shares

Article 5: The total capital of the Company is NT\$800 million, which is divided into eighty million shares and the amount of each share is NT\$10. The unissued shares are authorized to be issued by the Board of Directors in installments.

In the event that the provisions of the current charters conflict with the provisions of the Company Act, the Securities and Exchange Act and relevant laws and regulations on public offering companies, the provisions of the laws and regulations shall be applied.

Within the total capital of the Company, NT\$100 million, representing 10 million shares, is reserved for the issuance of employee stock warrants, special shares with subscription rights or shares with subscription rights, which shall be issued by installment in terms of the resolution of the board of directors.

The Company may issue employee warrants at a price below the market price, provided that they are issued

with the approval of two-thirds of the shareholders who represent more than half of the total number of issued shares attending the board meeting for voting. The issuance shall be made in installments within one year from the date of the resolution of the board meeting.

If the Company buys treasury stock back and intends to transfer them to employees at a price lower than the average price of the shares actually repurchased, the transfer should be approved by two-thirds of the shareholders present at the most recent shareholders' meeting representing a majority of the total number of issued shares before the transfer is made.

- Article 6: The objects of transfer of treasury stocks acquired by the Company in accordance with the law, the objects of issuance of employee stock options, the employees who take up shares upon the issuance of new shares, and the objects of issuance of new shares with restricted rights of employees may include employees of control or subordinate companies who meet the conditions set by the Board of Directors or persons authorized by it.
- Article 7: The shares of the Company shall be issued in registered form under the signatures and seals of the directors representing the Company and shall be issued in accordance with the law.

The share certificates for shares issued by the Company may be combined and printed for the total number of shares issued, or may be dispensed with, provided that the share certificates are issued in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Article 8: The transfer of shares of the Company shall cease not later than sixty days prior to the date of an ordinary general meeting, not later than thirty days prior to the date of an extraordinary general meeting, or not later than five days prior to the date on which the Company decides to distribute dividends and bonuses or other benefits.

The transfer, inheritance, bestow, loss reporting, pledge of rights, loss of seal, change of address, etc. of the shares of the Company shall be made in accordance with the Company Act and relevant laws and regulations. Except as otherwise provided in the Act and the Securities Regulations, the "Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies" shall be followed.

Chapter 3 Shareholders' Meeting

- Article 9: There shall be two types of shareholders' meetings: annual general meetings and extraordinary general meetings. The former one shall be held once a year, within six months after the end of each fiscal year, by the Board of Directors in accordance with the law. Extraordinary general meeting shall be held in accordance with law when necessary.
 - The Company's shareholders' meetings may be held by video conference or other means announced by the central competent authority.
- Article 9-1: The shareholders of the Company shall be notified 30 days in advance of the convening of a annual general meeting and 15 days in advance of the convening of an extraordinary general meeting. The notice and announcement shall state the reason for the convening of the shareholders' meeting, and the notice may be given by electronic means if the privies agree.

- Article 10: Shareholders may appoint a proxy to attend the shareholders' meeting at each shareholders' meeting by presenting an authorization letter issued by the Company, with the scope of authorization stated.

 In addition to the provisions of the Company Law, the use of authorization letters for shareholders shall be governed by Article 25-1 of the Securities and Exchange Act and the "Rules Governing the Use of Authorization Letter for Attendance at Shareholders' Meetings of Public Companies".
- Article 11: Except as otherwise provided in the Company Law, each share represents a voting right. There are no voting rights for shares that are legally owned by the Company.
- Article 12: Except as otherwise provided in the Company Law, a resolution at a shareholders' meeting shall be made with the consent of a majority of the votes of the shareholders present. Voting rights shall be used by written or electronic means in a board meeting. After the Company's shares are listed on the stock exchange, electronic means shall be included as one of the channels for exercising voting rights at shareholders' meetings.

Shareholders who exercise their voting rights electronically shall be deemed to be present in person, and all related matters shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of the Law.

Article 12-1: The minutes of the shareholders' meeting shall be signed or sealed by the chairperson and kept in the Company, together with the signature book of the shareholders present and the proxy agents.

The minutes may be prepared and distributed electronically. The minutes may be distributed by announcement.

The minutes shall record the year, month, day and place of the meeting, the name of the chairman, the method of resolution, the main points of the proceedings and the result thereof. The minutes shall be kept permanently in the duration of the Company. The book of signatures of shareholders attending the meeting and authorization letter for the proxy shall be kept for at least one year unless otherwise provided in the Company Act.

Chapter 4 Directors and Committees

Article 13: The Company shall have seven to nine directors for a term of three years, who shall be elected by the shareholders' meeting from competent directors. Those re-elected will stay for another term. The Company shall adopt a nomination system for the election of directors. The shareholders' meeting shall elect the directors from the Directors and Independent Directors Candidates Lists.

The election of directors of the Company shall adopt a single cumulative election, whereby each share shall carry the same number of votes as the number of directors to be elected, and either one person shall be elected centrally, or a number of persons shall be allocated to elect the person whose votes represent the greater number of votes.

The Company may purchase liability insurance for the benefit of its Directors in respect of any liability incurred by them in the performance of their duties under the Law.

The quota for directors shall include independent directors. The number of independent directors shall not be less than three, shall not be less than one-fifth of the number of directors, and shall be nominated by candidates. The professional qualifications, shareholdings, restrictions on part-time positions, nomination and election of independent directors, and other matters to be followed shall be in accordance with the relevant regulations of the competent securities authorities.

Article 13-1: If a vacancy in the number of directors reaches one-third, the Board of Directors shall convene an

- extraordinary general meeting within sixty days to elect a replacement director, whose term of office shall be limited to the term of the replacement.
- Article 13-2: If the term of office of a director expires before the director is re-elected, the director's term of office shall be extended until the re-elected director assumes office. However, the competent authority may order the company to re-elect a director within a period of time in accordance with its authority. If the director is not re-elected a director within the period of time, he or she shall be dismissed from office upon the expiration of the period of time.
- Article 14: The Board of Directors shall be organized by the Directors, with at least two-thirds of the Directors present and a majority of the Directors present agreeing to elect the Chairman among Directors. Vice-chairman shall be elected in the same way when necessary. The chairman of the board shall represent the Company externally and be the chairman of the shareholders' meeting and the board meeting internally. Unless otherwise provided in the Company Law, the Board of Directors shall be convened by the Chairman.
- Article 15: If the Chairman of the Board of Directors is absent from office or is unable to exercise his powers for any reason, he shall be represented in accordance with the provisions of Article 208 of the Company Act.
- Article 16: The Board of Directors is authorized to determine the compensation of all directors in accordance with the extent of their participation and contribution to the company operations of the Company and with reference to the level in other places. The directors of the Company may also be paid traffic allowance with reference to the level of their peers.
 - The Company has independent directors, who may be remunerated differently from general directors and receive fixed monthly remuneration with reference to industry standards. They do not participate in the distribution of the Company's profits.
- Article 16-1: The Directors of the Company may establish other functional committees, the organizational procedures of which shall be established by the Board of Directors.
 - The Company shall establish an Audit Committee in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, consisting of all independent directors, one of whom shall be the convener, and at least one of whom shall be an accountant or a member of the audit committee. The resolutions of the Audit Committee shall be approved by at least over a half of all members. The Audit Committee established by law shall be responsible for the implementation of the power and function of the Supervisor stipulated in the Company Act, the Securities and Exchange Act, other laws and regulations, the Company's Articles of Incorporation and the Regulations. The first Audit Committee of the Company shall be established on the date of the first election of the independent directors appointed in accordance with Article 13. The provisions of the Articles of Association regarding the Supervisors shall cease to apply upon the formation of the Audit Committee. The term of office of the elected Supervisors shall expire on the date of the establishment of the first Audit Committee of the Company.
- Article 17: The Board of Directors shall be convened by written, e-mail or facsimile notice to each Director seven days in advance, stating the reason for the convening. In case of emergency, the Board of Directors may be convened at any time and may also be convened in writing, by electronic means or by facsimile.

 Resolutions of the Board of Directors shall, unless otherwise provided in the Companies Act, be made with the presence of a majority of the Directors and shall be carried out with the consent of a majority of the Directors present. If a meeting of the Board is held by video conference, a Director who participates in the meeting by video conference shall be deemed to be present in person.
- Article 18: If a director is unable to attend the board meeting for any reason, he/she may appoint another director to

attend the board meeting on his/her behalf. However, when a director attends the board meeting by proxy, the proxy shall be limited to one person.

Chapter 5 Manager

Article 19: The Company may have a CEO, a chief strategist, a president and a vice president, each of whom shall be appointed, dismissed and remunerated in accordance with the provisions of Article 29 of the Company Act.

Chapter 6 Accounting

- Article 20: The Board of Directors shall prepare a report on operations, financial statements, and proposals for appropriation of surplus or deficit, and submit them to the Audit Committee for examination before submitting them to the shareholders' meeting in accordance with the law.
- Article 21: If the Company makes profits in a year, 10% to 15% of them shall be provided as employees' remuneration and no more than 3% should be provided as directors' remuneration. However, where the Company has accumulated losses, the amount for compensation shall be set aside first.

 The recipients of stock or cash distribution for employees' remuneration in the preceding paragraph, may include the employees of the controlling or subordinate companies meeting the conditions set by the board of directors or its authorized persons.

Article 21-1:

For any earning in the Company's annual final accounts, it shall be distributed in the following order:

- (1) Tax payment.
- (2) Deficit compensation.
- (3) 10% of the earning is provided as the legal reserve; however, where the legal reserve reaches the paid-up capital of the Company, this is not required.
- (4) Provide or reverse the special reserve pursuant to laws and regulations if necessary.
- (5) The rest is shareholders' bonus, and with the accumulated undistributed earnings from previous years, for the Board to draft a distribution proposal.

The Company's dividend policy will depend on factors such as current and future development plans, investment environment, capital needs, domestic and foreign competition conditions, and capital budgets, while taking the interests of shareholders and the Company's long-term financial planning into account. The Board drafts a profit distribution proposal for the distributable earnings above; of which, the distribution of shareholders' dividend bonuses of each year should not be less than 10% of distributable earnings for the year; however, where the accumulated distributable earnings are less than 10% of the paid-in share capital, the distribution may be exempted; when distributing the shareholders' dividend bonuses, such may be distributed in the form of cash or shares, and the cash dividends shall not be less than 10% of the total dividends; provided that the actual distribution percentage shall be handled pursuant to the resolution of the shareholders' meeting. If the Company is to distribute all or part of the dividends and bonuses, it intends to distribute such in cash. The resolution shall be adopted in a board meeting attended by two-third or more of the directors with the majority of the attending directors in favor, then reported to the shareholders' meeting.

If the Company distributes cash from the legal reserve or capital reserve pursuant to Article 241 of the Company Act, the resolution shall be adopted in a board meeting attended by two-third or more of the directors with the majority of the attending directors in favor, then reported to the shareholders' meeting.

Chapter 7 Supplementary provisions

- Article 22: All matters not covered by these Articles of Association shall be governed by the provisions of the Company Act and other relevant laws and regulations. However, the internal organization and details of business procedures of the Company shall be determined by the Board of Directors.
- Article 23: The Articles of Incorporation were established on April 1, 1988.

The first amendment was made on Oct. 11, 1988.

The second amendment was made on Sept. 8, 1994.

The third amendment was made on Aug. 15, 1997.

The fourth amendment was made on July 26, 1999.

The fifth amendment was made on Nov. 5, 2000.

The sixth amendment was made on Sept. 12, 2001.

The seventh amendment was made on Aug. 28, 2002.

The eighth amendment was made on Aug. 22, 2003.

The ninth amendment was made on Sept. 15, 2003.

The tenth amendment was made on Oct. 13 2003.

The eleventh amendment was made on Nov. 16, 2005.

The twelfth amendment was made on May 22, 2006.

The thirteenth amendment was made on Sept. 20, 2006.

The fourteenth amendment was made on May 16, 2007.

The fifteenth amendment was made on May 16, 2007.

The sixteenth amendment was made on July 12, 2007.

The seventeenth amendment was made on June 26, 2013.

The eighteenth amendment was made on June 29, 2016.

The nineteenth amendment was made on June 27, 2018.

The twentieth amendment was made on May 28, 2019.

The twenty-first amendment was made on Oct. 8, 2020.

The twenty-second amendment was made on June 22, 2022.

Unictron Technologies Corporation Rules and Procedures of Shareholders' Meeting

- Article 1: The rules of procedures for this Corporation's shareholders meetings, except as otherwise provided by law, regulation, or the articles of incorporation, shall be as provided in these Rules.
- Article 2: The shareholders present shall mean the shareholders themselves, the representatives of the corporate shareholders and the representatives appointed by the shareholders in accordance with the law.
- Article 3: Unless otherwise provided by law, Shareholders' Meetings of the Company shall be convened by the Board of Directors

The convening of an annual general meeting shall be made 20 days in advance, and the convening of an extraordinary general meeting shall be made 10 days in advance by sending a written or electronic notice of the date and place of the meeting and the proposed matters. This Corporation shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders meeting notice and proxy forms, proposals for ratification, matters for deliberation, or the election or dismissal of directors or supervisors, and upload them to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) before 30 days before the date of a regular shareholders meeting or before 15 days before the date of a special shareholders meeting. The Company shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders meeting handbook and supplemental meeting materials and upload them to the MOPS before 21 days before the date of the regular shareholders meeting or before 15 days before the date of the special shareholders meeting. In addition, 15 days prior to the date of the shareholders meeting, the Company shall also have prepared the shareholders meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and made them available for review by shareholders at any time. The meeting agenda and supplemental materials shall also be displayed at this Corporation and the professional shareholder services agent designated thereby.

The reasons for convening a shareholders meeting shall be specified in the meeting notice and public announcement. With the consent of the addressee, the meeting notice may be given in electronic form.

Election or dismissal of directors or supervisors, amendments to the articles of incorporation, reduction of capital, application for the approval of ceasing its status as a public company, approval of competing with the company by directors, surplus profit distributed in the form of new shares, reserve distributed in the form of new shares, the dissolution, merger, or demerger of the corporation, or any matter under Article 185, paragraph 1 of the Company Act, Articles 26-1 and 43-6 of the Securities Exchange Act, Articles 56-1 and 60-2 of the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers shall be set out and the essential contents explained in the notice of the reasons for convening the shareholders meeting. None of the above matters may be raised by an extraordinary motion.

Where the re-election of all directors and supervisors as well as their inauguration date is stated in the notice of the reasons for convening the shareholders meeting, after the completion of the re-election in said meeting such inauguration date may not be altered by any extraordinary motion or otherwise in the same meeting.

A shareholder holding one percent or more of the total number of issued shares may submit to this Corporation a proposal for discussion at a regular shareholders meeting. The number of items so proposed is limited to one only, and no proposal containing more than one item will be included in the meeting agenda. When the circumstances of any subparagraph of Article 172-1, paragraph 4 of the Company Act apply to a proposal put forward by a shareholder, the board of directors may exclude it from the agenda. A shareholder may propose a recommendation for urging the corporation to promote public interests or fulfill its social responsibilities, provided procedurally the number of items so proposed is limited only to one in accordance with Article 172-1 of the Company Act, and no proposal containing more than one item will be included in the meeting agenda.

Prior to the book closure date before a regular shareholders meeting is held, this Corporation shall publicly announce its acceptance of shareholder proposals in writing or electronically, and the location and time period for their submission; the period for submission of shareholder proposals may not be less than 10 days.

Shareholder-submitted proposals are limited to 300 words, and no proposal containing more than 300 words will be included in the meeting agenda. The shareholder making the proposal shall be present in person or by proxy at the regular shareholders meeting and take part in a discussion of the proposal.

Prior to the date for issuance of notice of a shareholders meeting, this Corporation shall inform the shareholders who submitted proposals of the proposal screening results, and shall list in the meeting notice the proposals that conform to the provisions of this article. At the shareholders meeting the board of directors shall explain the reasons for exclusion of any shareholder proposals not included in the agenda.

Article 4: For each shareholders meeting, a shareholder may appoint a proxy to attend the meeting by providing the proxy form issued by this Corporation and stating the scope of the proxy's authorization.

A shareholder may issue only one proxy form and appoint only one proxy for any given shareholders meeting, and shall deliver the proxy form to this Corporation before five days before the date of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate proxy forms are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail unless a declaration is made to cancel the previous proxy appointment.

After a proxy form has been delivered to this Corporation, if the shareholder intends to attend the meeting in person or to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronically, a written notice of proxy cancellation shall be submitted to this Corporation before two business days before the meeting date. If the cancellation notice is submitted after that

time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.

Article 5: The Company shall specify in its shareholders meeting notices the time during which attendance registrations for shareholders will be accepted, the place to register for attendance, and other matters for attention.

The time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, as stated in the preceding paragraph, shall be at least 30 minutes prior to the time the meeting commences. The place at which attendance registrations are accepted shall be clearly marked and a sufficient number of suitable personnel assigned to handle the registrations. Shareholders of proxy agents shall attend shareholders meetings based on attendance cards, sign-in cards, or other certificates of attendance. This Corporation may not arbitrarily add requirements for other documents beyond those showing eligibility to attend presented by shareholders. Solicitors soliciting proxy forms shall also bring identification documents for verification.

This Corporation shall furnish the attending shareholders with an attendance book to sign, or attending shareholders may hand in a sign-in card in lieu of signing in. Voting at a shareholders meeting shall be calculated based on the number of shares. The number of shares in attendance shall be calculated according to the shares indicated by the attendance book and sign-in cards handed in, plus the number of shares whose voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronically.

This Corporation shall furnish attending shareholders with the meeting agenda book, annual report, attendance card, speaker's slips, voting slips, and other meeting materials. Where there is an election of directors or supervisors, preprinted ballots shall also be furnished.

When the government or a juristic person is a shareholder, it may be represented by more than one representative at a shareholders meeting. When a juristic person is appointed to attend as proxy, it may designate only one person to represent it in the meeting.

Article 6: Deleted.

Article 7: If a shareholders meeting is convened by the board of directors, the meeting shall be chaired by the chairperson of the board. When the chairperson of the board is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the chairperson, the vice chairperson shall act in place of the chairperson; if there is no vice chairperson or the vice chairperson also is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the vice chairperson, the chairperson shall appoint one of the managing directors to act as chair, or, if there are no managing directors, one of the directors shall be appointed to act as chair.

When a managing director or a director serves as chair, as referred to in the preceding paragraph, the managing director or director shall be one who has held that position for six months or more and who understands the financial and business conditions of the company. The same shall be true for a representative of a juristic person director that serves as chair.

It is advisable that shareholders meetings convened by the board of directors be chaired by the chairperson of the board in person and attended by a majority of the directors, at least one supervisor in person, and at least one member of each functional committee on behalf of the committee. The attendance shall be recorded in the meeting minutes. If a shareholders meeting is convened by a party with power to convene but other than the board of directors, the convening party shall chair the meeting. When there are two or more such convening parties, they shall mutually select a chair from among themselves.

- Article 8: The venue for a shareholders meeting shall be the premises of this Corporation, or a place easily accessible to shareholders and suitable for a shareholders meeting. The meeting may begin no earlier than 9 a.m. and no later than 3 p.m. This Corporation may appoint its attorneys, certified public accountants, or related persons retained by it to attend a shareholders meeting in a non-voting capacity.
- Article 9: The Company, beginning from the time it accepts shareholder attendance registrations, shall make an uninterrupted audio and video recording of the registration procedure, the proceedings of the shareholders meeting, and the voting and vote counting procedures.

 The recorded materials of the preceding paragraph shall be retained for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the recording shall be retained until the conclusion of the

Article 10: Deleted.

litigation.

Article 11: The chair shall call the meeting to order at the appointed meeting time and disclose information concerning the number of nonvoting shares and number of shares represented by shareholders attending the meeting. However, when the attending shareholders do not represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may announce a postponement, provided that no more than two such postponements, for a combined total of no more than one hour, may be made. If the quorum is not met after two postponements and the attending shareholders still represent less than one-third of the total number of issued shares, the chair shall declare the meeting adjourned. If the quorum is not met after two postponements as referred to in the preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one-third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175, paragraph 1 of the Company Act; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within one month.

When, prior to conclusion of the meeting, the attending shareholders represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may resubmit the tentative resolution for a vote by the shareholders meeting pursuant to Article 174 of the Company Act.

Article 12: If a shareholders meeting is convened by the board of directors, the meeting agenda shall be set by the board of directors. Votes shall be cast on each separate proposal in the agenda (including extraordinary motions and amendments to the original proposals set out in the agenda). The meeting shall proceed in the order set by the agenda, which may not be changed without a resolution of the shareholders meeting.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph apply mutatis mutandis to a shareholders meeting convened by a party with the power to convene that is not the board of directors.

The chair may not declare the meeting adjourned prior to completion of deliberation on the meeting agenda of the preceding two paragraphs (including extraordinary motions), except by a resolution of the shareholders meeting. If the chair declares the meeting adjourned in violation of the rules of procedure, the other members of the board of directors shall promptly assist the attending shareholders in electing a new chair in accordance with statutory procedures, by agreement of a majority of the votes represented by the attending shareholders, and then continue the meeting.

In addition to the proposals listed on the Agenda, other proposals or amendments or substitutions to original proposals by shareholders should be seconded by other shareholders.

- Article 13: Before speaking, an attending shareholder must specify on a speaker's slip the subject of the speech, his/her shareholder account number (or attendance card number), and account name. The order in which shareholders speak will be set by the chair. A shareholder in attendance who has submitted a speaker's slip but does not actually speak shall be deemed to have not spoken. When the content of the speech does not correspond to the subject given on the speaker's slip, the spoken content shall prevail.
- Article 14: Except with the consent of the chair, a shareholder may not speak more than twice on the same proposal, and a single speech may not exceed 5 minutes. If the shareholder's speech violates the rules or exceeds the scope of the agenda item, the chair may terminate the speech.

 When an attending shareholder is speaking, other shareholders may not speak or interrupt unless they have sought and obtained the consent of the chair and the shareholder that has the floor; the chair shall stop any violation.
- Article 15: When a juristic person is appointed to attend as proxy, it may designate only one person to represent it in the meeting. When a juristic person shareholder appoints two or more representatives to attend a shareholders meeting, only one of the representatives so appointed may speak on the same proposal.
- Article 16: After an attending shareholder has spoken, the chair may respond in person or direct relevant personnel to respond.
- Article 17: When the chair is of the opinion that a proposal has been discussed sufficiently to put it to a vote, the chair may announce the discussion closed and call for a vote.
- Article 18: Deleted.
- Article 19: Vote monitoring and counting personnel for the voting on a proposal shall be appointed by the chair, provided that all monitoring personnel shall be shareholders of the Company. Vote counting shall be conducted in public at the place of the shareholders meeting. Immediately after vote counting has been completed, the results of the voting, including the statistical tallies of the numbers of votes, shall be announced on-site at the meeting, and a record made of the vote.
- Article 20: A resolution may be adopted at a shareholders meeting to defer or resume the meeting within five days in accordance with Article 182 of the Company Act if the agenda fails to be completed.
- Article 21: Staff handling administrative affairs of a shareholders meeting shall wear identification cards or arm bands. The chair may direct the proctors or security personnel to help maintain order at the meeting place. When a meeting is in progress, the chair may announce a break based on time considerations.
- Article 22: When a meeting is in progress, if a force majeure event occurs, the chair may rule the meeting temporarily suspended and announce a time when, in view of the circumstances, the meeting will be resumed.
- Article 23: Voting at a shareholders meeting shall be calculated based the number of shares.

 With respect to resolutions of shareholders meetings, the number of shares held by a shareholder with no voting rights shall not be calculated as part of the total number of issued shares.

 When a shareholder is an interested party in relation to an agenda item, and there is the likelihood that such a relationship would prejudice the interests of this Corporation, that shareholder may not vote on that item, and may not exercise voting rights as proxy for any other shareholder.

 The number of shares for which voting rights may not be exercised under the preceding paragraph shall not be calculated as part of the voting rights represented by attending shareholders.

 With the exception of a trust enterprise or a shareholder services agent approved by the competent securities authority, when one person is concurrently appointed as proxy by two or more shareholders, the voting rights represented by that proxy may not exceed three percent of the voting rights represented by the total number of issued shares. If that
- Article 24: A shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share held, except when the shares are restricted shares or are deemed non-voting shares under Article 179, paragraph 2 of the Company Act.

 When this Corporation holds a shareholder meeting, it shall adopt exercise of voting rights by electronic means and may adopt exercise of voting rights by correspondence. (For companies that are required to adopt electronic voting in accordance with the first provision of Article 177-1 of the Companies Act, the Company shall adopt electronic means

percentage is exceeded, the voting rights in excess of that percentage shall not be included in the calculation.

and may adopt written means to exercise its voting rights when it convenes a shareholders' meeting after listing on the stock exchange.) When voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronic means, the method of exercise shall be specified in the shareholders meeting notice. A shareholder exercising voting rights by correspondence or electronic means will be deemed to have attended the meeting in person, but to have waived his/her rights with respect to the extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals of that meeting; it is therefore advisable that this Corporation avoid the submission of extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals. A shareholder intending to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means under the preceding paragraph shall deliver a written declaration of intent to this Corporation before two days before the date of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate declarations of intent are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail, except when a declaration is made to cancel the earlier declaration of intent.

After a shareholder has exercised voting rights by correspondence or electronic means, in the event the shareholder intends to attend the shareholders meeting in person, a written declaration of intent to retract the voting rights already exercised under the preceding paragraph shall be made known to this Corporation, by the same means by which the voting rights were exercised, before two business days before the date of the shareholders meeting. If the notice of retraction is submitted after that time, the voting rights already exercised by correspondence or electronic means shall prevail. When a shareholder has exercised voting rights both by correspondence or electronic means and by appointing a proxy to attend a shareholders meeting, the voting rights exercised by the proxy in the meeting shall prevail.

Except as otherwise provided in the Company Act and in this Corporation's articles of incorporation, the passage of a proposal shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders. At the time of a vote, for each proposal, the chair or a person designated by the chair shall first announce the total number of voting rights represented by the attending shareholders, followed by a poll of the shareholders. If the Chairman consults all shareholders present and there is no dissenting voice, the proposal shall be deemed to have been carried and shall have the same effect as a poll. If there is dissenting voice, a poll shall be taken in accordance with the provisions stipulated in the former provisions.

- Article 25: When there is an amendment or an alternative to a proposal, the chair shall present the amended or alternative proposal together with the original proposal and decide the order in which it will be put to a vote. When any one among them is passed, the other proposals will then be deemed rejected, and no further voting shall be required.
- Article 26: The election of directors at a shareholders meeting shall be held in accordance with the applicable election and appointment rules adopted by the Company, and the voting results shall be announced on-site immediately, including the names of those elected as directors and the numbers of votes with which they were elected, and the names of directors not elected and the number of votes they received. The ballot papers for the above election shall be sealed and signed by the scrutineers and kept properly for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the recording shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.
- Article 27: Matters relating to the resolutions of a shareholders meeting shall be recorded in the meeting minutes and shall be carried out in accordance of Article 183 of Company Act.

 The resolutions of the meeting and the results thereof shall be recorded and shall be retained for as long as the Company shall continue in office.
- Article 28: All matters not covered by these Rules shall be governed by the provisions of the Companies Act and the relevant Acts and the Articles of Association of the Company.
- Article 29: These Rules shall take effect after having been submitted to and approved by a shareholders meeting. Subsequent amendments thereto shall be effected in the same manner.
- Article 30: The Rules was made on June 30, 2017 and was made effective upon completion of the public offering of the Company.

The first amendment to the Rules was made on June 27, 2018.

The second amendment to the Rules was made on Oct. 8, 2020.

The third amendment to the Rules was made on Aug. 5, 2021.

Appendix III

Unictron Technologies Corporation Procedures for Directors Election

- Article 1 For the purpose of fair, just and open election of directors, this procedure is established in accordance with Article 21 and Article 41 of "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE Listed Companies".
- Article 2 Unless otherwise provided by law or the Articles, the election of Directors of the Company shall be in accordance with these Procedures.
- Article 3 The selection of Directors of the Company shall take into account the overall composition of the Board. The composition of the Board of Directors shall take into account diversity and shall develop an appropriate diversity approach in relation to its operations, business model and development needs, which shall include, but not be limited to, the following two broad criteria:
 - Basic requirements and values: Gender, age, nationality, and culture.
 - II. Professional knowledge and skills: A professional background (e.g., law, accounting, industry, finance, marketing, technology), professional skills, and industry experience.

Members of the Board should generally possess the knowledge, skills and qualities necessary to perform duties and should, as a whole, have the following competencies:

- I. Operational judgments
- II. Accounting and Financial Analysis
- III. Operation and management
- IV. Crisis management
- V. Knowledge of the industry
- VI. International market perspective
- VII. Leadership
- VIII. Decision-making

A majority of the Directors shall not be related to each other by consanguinity or affinity within secondgeneration.

The Board of Directors of the Company shall consider adjusting the composition of the Board of Directors based on the results of the performance evaluation.

Article 4

The qualifications for the election of independent directors of the Company shall be in accordance with Articles 2, 3 and 4 of the "Regulations Governing Appointment of Independent Directors and Compliance Matters for Public Companies".

> The election of independent directors of the Company shall be in accordance with Article 5-9 of "Regulations Governing Appointment of Independent Directors and Compliance Matters for Public Companies" and shall be conducted in accordance with Article 24 of "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE Listed Companies".

Article 6 The election of Directors of the Company shall be conducted in accordance with the procedures for the nomination of candidates as set out in Article 192-1 of the Company Act.

> If a Director ceases to hold office for any reason, a by-election shall be held at the latest general meeting of the Company. However, if a vacancy in the number of Directors reaches one-third of the number of seats set out in the Articles, the Company shall, within sixty days from the date of occurrence of the fact, convene an interim meeting of shareholders to elect a new Director.

If the number of independent directors of the Company is not sufficient to meet the requirements of the first proviso of Article 14-2 of the Securities and Exchange Act, a by-election shall be held at the latest shareholders' meeting. If all the independent directors are dismissed, an interim shareholders' meeting shall be held within 60 days from the date of occurrence of the fact.

- The election of directors of the Company shall be by the single cumulative voting system, whereby each share shall carry the same number of votes as the number of directors or supervisors to be elected, and either one person shall be elected centrally, or a number of persons shall be allocated for election.
- Article 8 The Board of Directors shall prepare and distribute to the members present at the general meeting a ballot for the same number of directors as the number of directors to be elected, and shall enter the number of votes for the same as the number of directors to be elected, and the name of the elector shall be replaced by the attendance card number printed on the ballot.
- If the Company elects both Independent Directors and Non-Independent Directors, the election rights of Article 9 Independent Directors and Non-Independent Directors shall be counted separately and those who receive more votes representing the greater number of election rights shall be elected in that order. If more than two persons have the same number of rights and the number of places exceeds the required number, lots

Article 5

will be drawn by those who have the same number of rights, or by the Chairman on behalf of those who are not present.

- Article 10 At the commencement of the election, the Chairman shall appoint a number of scrutineers and tellers, each of whom shall be a board member, to perform such duties. Ballot boxes are prepared by the Board of Directors and are opened by the scrutineers in public before voting.
- Article 11 Deleted
- Article 12 A ballot is invalid for one of the following reasons:
 - I. Ballots that are not prepared by the person with the right to call
 - II. Blank ballot
 - III. The ballots are illegible or has been altered.
 - IV. Inconformity between the name of the person to be elected and the list of candidates for election as a Director.
 - V. Ballots with others words except voting
- Article 13 The result of the ballot shall be announced by the Chairman on the spot and shall include the names of the Directors elected and the number of ballots they received.

The ballot papers for the above election shall be sealed and signed by the scrutineers and kept properly for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the recording shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

- Article 14 Deleted.
- Article 15 These Procedures shall come into operation upon approval by the Shareholders' Meeting and shall be amended accordingly.
- Article 16 These procedures was made on June 27, 2018. The first amendment was made on Oct. 8, 2020.

The second was made on Aug.5, 2021

Current Shareholding of Directors

- I. The paid-up capital of the Company is NT\$478,753,250, with 47,875,325 shares. In accordance with Article 26 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 2-2 of the "Rules and Review Procedures for Director and Supervisor Share Ownership Ratios at Public Companies", the percentage of shareholding of all directors and supervisors, other than independent directors, is reduced to 80% if the shareholding of independent directors is not counted and if more than two independent directors are elected.
- II. The minimum number of shares required to be held by all Directors of the Company is 3,830,026 shares.
- III. The actual number of shares held by all directors of the Company was 18,451,081 as at the date of cessation of transfer at the general meeting held on 17 April 2023, which was in compliance with the requirements. The shareholding of the Directors:

Apr. 17, 2023

Job title	Name	Shareholding (shares)	Shareholding percentage (%)
Chairman	SU, KAI-CHIEN	900,000	1.88
Director	Lee, Ran-Rong (representative of Darfon Electronics Corp.)	17,551,081	36.66
Director	LIN, HSIEN-CHANG (representative of Darfon Electronics Corp.)	17,551,081	36.66
Director	CHANG, MING-CHU (representative of Darfon Electronics Corp.)	17,551,081	36.66
Independent director	CHENG, WEI-SHUN	0	0.00
Independent director	WANG, YUNG-HO	0	0.00
Independent director	WANG, CHIEN-MIN	0	0.00
Independent director	SHEN, HSI-WEN	0	0.00
Total		18,451,081	38.54